

Brilliant Reception.  
Hugh Cress.

From 2 to 6  
gave a charm-  
home, 335 West  
by Mrs. Harry  
and Miss Lillian  
eter. Mrs. George  
L. Buckingham  
and Jeanette Pow-  
er. Abel Inva-  
to about one hun-  
dred friends.  
men were beautiful  
of golden rod and  
rior and jacquem-  
the dining room  
lovely pearl roses  
were served  
of Mrs. Snyder.  
an club was present  
hours  
ceives a hand  
a white Paris  
Mrs. Harry Cress was  
costume of cream  
trimmings. Mrs.  
black cloth trimmed in  
black silk and lace,  
and Miss Buck-  
ne tabernacle.

IN JAIL

Other Female in  
Jail

Minnie Anderson, a  
woman who has been "work-  
ing" at the restaurant, had a  
Shorb's court on a  
charge of aiding in the  
theft of the Macon county  
treasury. She was  
sent to jail. It was  
stated that she has been  
in jail for some time ago.  
She has been  
in jail for some time ago.  
She has been  
in jail for some time ago.

to get the saws,  
avenport, another  
tabernacle.

VO MEN.

empathize with a  
Citizen.

reference is made  
Warren lost his  
money, his railway  
bag at the Union  
by a pick pocket.  
published in the  
the thief and  
lung through the  
Warren went on  
back an old  
Jacksonville had a  
started for the  
when Mr. War-  
same thieves re-  
h. two thieves re-  
et to New York  
of the train at  
to Jacksonville on  
one money.

the tabernacle.

Association.  
Association will  
at Mrs. Barby's  
at Wood street.

qualifications of  
dem of balloting  
General Assem-  
from the old

privilege of electors.  
persons besides  
to exercise the

men of the United  
citizens of the Unit

FULLER, Pres.  
Sec

the tabernacle.

North  
ters finished pack-  
a, boxes and bags  
ry to leaving for  
ry will go into  
until October 16.  
g on the Wabash.  
C. Walker, H. F.  
C. Johns, D. A.  
alabaster. W. B.  
arr and Charles  
of Cincinnati, are  
de, of Springfield,  
of Salina, Kan.,  
Chicago. B. W.  
ti, and James Mil-  
go to Waukegan

Sept. 26. Rufus Reed,  
and four children,  
arrived.

## JUST THE THING IN FALL

Ladies This Week are Enjoying a  
Delightful Display.

For two days Decatur ladies have been  
flocking to Bradley Bros. That firm is  
having its annual fall millinery opening.  
The women of this city know that they  
can see the proper and the newest styles  
in headgear there, with a richness of  
display that is not surpassed anywhere.  
Some new colors are shown, including  
biuet, periwinkle and carrie. Black is  
used in combination with everything.  
For evening wear dainty tiaras will be  
quite a feature this season.

Among some of the many beautiful  
hats shown are the following:

A hat especially attractive was a  
large black felt Gainsborough, with  
long black plumes waving from the left  
side; a bell shaped crown of silk beaver;  
cut steel ornaments.

A large hat of blue and velvet overlaid  
with a black felt toque; the front up-  
holled by a bow of black satin ribbon,  
holding a large cluster of algerettes.

A large hat of chambray-colored felt,  
pressed to imitate alligator skin, bor-  
dered with bands of felt braid, trimmed  
around the crown with tiers of black  
satin ribbon, with a jetted bird and a  
choix of molre ribbon.

A bonnet from Mrs. Pourcaine with  
felt crown of white kid, embroidered  
with gold tinsel, and mother of pearl  
spangle, brim of molre velvet; bow at  
left side and brooch of mock topaz with  
small ostrich tip with satin ties.

A brown Russian toque, crown em-  
brodered with gold and steel beads,  
with brim formed of brown mink fur  
tulle, with blackbird, forming the  
trimming in front and black mercury  
wings forming the Alsatian effect.

With this hat is a moff formed of allig-  
ator skin, lined with brown velvet, same  
shade as toque, trimmings on moff to  
match.

A small sized hat, gold crown, a ruf-  
fled of emerald green velvet forming the  
rim; a cluster of blackbirds sustained  
with bunches of black and yellow roses;  
an assortment of black satin ribbon form-  
ing the back.

A brown velvet hat with a mother  
goose crown and a four cornered brim;  
a cluster of black plumes on the right  
side; cut steel ornaments and band of  
black Persian lamb encircling the crown.

MASON to night at the tabernacle.

Publicity the Best Policeman.

Many people are in the habit of com-  
plaining bitterly of the intrusion of the  
newspaper reporter into every nook and  
corner of the state, and even into the  
privacy of home; but in this extreme  
publicity is really to be found a new  
means of social, industrial and govern-  
mental reform and progress. As Em-  
erson said, "Light is the best policeman."  
There are many exaggerations, perva-  
sions and inaccuracies in this publicity;  
but on the whole it is a beneficent and a  
new agency for the promotion of the  
public welfare. Publicity exposes not  
only wickedness, but also folly and bad  
judgment. It makes crime and politi-  
cal corruption more difficult, and far  
less attractive. The forger, burglar,  
and corruptionist need secrecy for two  
reasons—first, that they may succeed in  
their crimes, and secondly, that they  
may enjoy the fruits of their wicked-  
ness. The most cautious manner finds it  
hard to enjoy the product of his sin, if  
he knows that everybody knows how  
he came by it. No good cause ever suf-  
fered from publicity—no bad cause but  
instinctively avoids it. So new is this  
force in the world that many people do  
not yet trust it, or perceive its immense  
utility. President Chas. W. Elliot in  
the October Forum.

Sales of Real Estate.

Fred M. Athons to A. T. Risley, lot 3  
in block 5 in East Park Boulevard.  
—\$450

H. F. May to Audley T. Risley, the  
north half of block 17 in block 1 in May  
Bros. & Traver's addition to Decatur;  
\$600.

R. J. Simpson to Catherine L. Sutter,  
the north half of 24 feet off of the east  
side of lot 3 and 48 feet off of the west  
side of lot 4 in Fern & Bruce's addition  
to Decatur; \$1,500.

Lemuel Wykoff to S. G. Braden, the  
southeast quarter of the northeast quar-  
ter of 29, 18, 2 east; —\$3,200.

B. H. Cassell to A. G. Mitchell, lot 8,  
in block 2 in B. H. Cassell's Seventh ad-  
dition—\$700.

Alfred Christian to J. L. Evans, 1 acre  
in the southeast corner of 6, 18, 1 east—  
\$1,000.

Elizabeth Dayton to Joseph Urban,  
lot 5 in block 7 in Plant & Tuttle's ad-  
dition—\$1,000.

H. Mueller to Sheridan W. Ehrman,  
deed to lot 4, block 2, Riverside Place—  
\$600.

George A. Stadler to O. T. Kirk, deed  
to lot 11, block 2, Oakland Place—\$500.

Mrs. T. S. HAWKINS, Chattanooga,  
Tenn., says, "Stitch's Vitalizer 'SAVED  
MY LIFE.' I consider it the best rem-  
edy for a debilitated system I ever used."  
For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble  
it excels. Price, 50c. Guaranteed by C.  
H. Dawson.

Work has been stopped on the new  
city well at Monticello at 206 feet and a  
pump put in.

Small in size, great in results: De  
Witt's Little Early Risers. Best pill for  
Constipation, best for Stick Headache,  
best for Sour Stomach. C. H. Dawson.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.  
PRICES  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Pos-  
sible to keep in any climate.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

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# The Daily Republican.

VOL. XXII. NO 155.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1894.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

## Race Clothing Mfg. Co.



### Special Announcement.

**OUR PRICES THIS FALL** For Men's Suits  
well as for all sorts of Boys' Clothing are positively lower  
than ever before. "Goods bought right are half sold."

**Winter Suits and Overcoats.** Perfect in  
the finest, the best, the most perfect fitting clothing in the  
city, and our \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$18 Men's Suits are 20 per  
cent cheaper than found elsewhere.

**Boys' and Children's Clothing.** Full line of Junior Suits.  
Full line of Jersey Suits.  
Little Boys' Reefer Coats. Boys' Two-Piece Suits from \$1.00  
up to the best. Boys' Long Pants Suits at \$3.00, 4.00, 5.00  
and up. We have the best Boys' Knee Pants for 50c found  
in the city.

### Buy Only the RACE SHIRTS.

And you will make no mistake.

**HATS** Of all grades and styles. Our Leaders, Stetson Soft  
and Stiff Hats. MILLER'S Renowned Stiff Hat, the  
best hat made.

**Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear—Full Line.**

**MERCHANT TAILORING ON THE BOOM.**

Well made garments and Bottom Prices does the work. See  
our \$6.00 Pants to order—the \$8.00 kind at other places.

### Race Clothing M'fg Co.,

129--135 North Water Street.

## Damaged by Fire.

While a small portion of our goods were damaged by fire our immense stock  
of fall goods were not injured in the least, and we are prepared to make prices  
that will astonish you.

**Our \$15 Suit** is a full-sized bed room suit and splendid value.

**Our \$18 Suit** is the best selling suit we ever offered.  
Nearly a car load of them sold in two weeks.

**Our \$25 Polished Oak Suit** will surprise you.

If you need a bed room suit we can fit you out.

A 5 piece Oak Frame Tapestry-covered Parlor Suit for.....\$17.50

See that **\$75.00 Suit** in our window.

A few of our 48 x 48 inch quarter sawed oak, polished top, 8 foot Extension  
Tables left, at \$7. See our special design \$20 side board. If you need furniture of  
any kind, from the cheapest to the best, remember that we carry the stock to  
select from.

**BACHMAN BROTHERS & MARTIN COMPANY,**

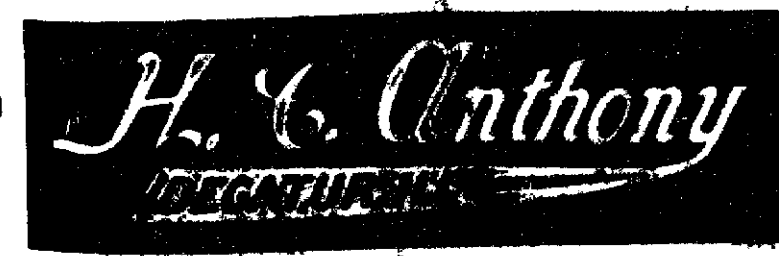
240, 244, 248 East Main Street.

## Underwear!

I am now ready to show all grades of  
Fall and Winter Underwear.

I make a specialty of Ladies' and Chil-  
dren's **Combination Underwear.**

Gents' Night Shirts, Suspenders and  
Neckwear—elegant assortment.



## JUST A STARTER

And We Didn't Half Try—Old-  
Time Republican Enthusiasm.

### RINGING SPEECH BY BILLY MASON

The Tabernacle Couldn't Hold the People  
—Democratic Converts Hear the True  
Gospel—Parade by the 14th District  
Club—Music and Singing—It Was a  
Hammer.

We didn't half try last night, and the  
MacVeagh-Springer Scott "state rally"  
was knocked out in size and enthusiasm  
in one short round. Wain't it a hammer  
from start to finish, in the middle and  
all 'round. Even the small boys, with  
their horns and tin cans and cowbells  
and wood-saws caught the fever and  
joined in the din to give the Democrats  
the rattle dazle.

It was just a starter for the Republi-  
can campaign, and it was exclusively a  
Decatur meeting, arranged on short no-  
tice, to give Hon. William E. Mason, of  
Chicago, candidate for United States  
senator, a fitting reception; and it was  
entirely successful—a demonstration by  
local Republicans which made every  
American feel good. There was a sur-  
prise escort club. It came from the  
Fourteenth district in the Seventh  
ward, headed by Goodman's band, and  
as it came swinging around the circle in  
Lincoln Square, three abreast, several  
hundred strong, every man with a Big 14  
card in his hat, cheer upon cheer was  
given by the crowd at the hotel and  
along the route. The procession kept  
moving, and Mr. Mason and the com-  
mittee got down on the ground floor  
with the voters and marched behind to  
the tabernacle, where the column came  
to open order, Mr. Mason passing through  
the entrance to the hall preceded by  
the flags and Fourteenth transparency.  
The great hall was already nearly filled,  
and all joined in cheering the speaker  
and flags until after the platform was  
reached. The tabernacle was crowded  
to the doors, and hundreds stood outside  
on the walk and in the alley. Had the  
hall been big enough the audience would  
have numbered 3,000 or more. As it was  
there were nearly 2,000 people in the hall,  
and it was a crowd vastly more enthu-  
siastic and attentive than the one that  
heard the Chicago Democratic speaker  
who thinks he has a chance to break  
into the Senate to continue the Demo-  
cratic legislation in the interest of  
trusts. On the platform were seated  
about a score of Pole voters who will  
vote the Republican ticket hereafter.  
They are coal miners and shopmen  
who have felt the pinch of free trade in-  
fluence, and they have had enough of it;  
and in the audience were many Demo-  
crats who have come over on the Lord's  
side and will stay there.

THE MEETING.  
Captain R. P. Lytle, the county chair-  
man, called the meeting to order, and  
named Hon. W. F. Calhoun, the 17th  
district chairman, to preside. Then  
came music by Goodman's Band and  
campaign songs by the Glee Club—Linn  
Radcliff, soloist, Earl Wilson, Ben Free-  
man and Elmer Birks—who sang splen-  
dently together, first giving "Illinois" and  
following that capital selection with the  
"Demmie's Jubilee," both being received  
with tumultuous applause. There was  
encore after encore. It seemed that the  
crowd could not get enough of the sing-  
ing.

When the cheering had subsided Mr.  
Calhoun stepped forward and said in  
part: "We meet here to-night under  
conditions such as have not existed in  
this country for 80 years. It is a great  
gathering of Republican male and female  
voters assembled with the Democrats in  
power in the state and nation. Refer-  
ence was made to a certain letter written  
two years ago by a Democratic official  
in which the Republicans were likened  
unto the false prophets of Baal, and in  
which an appeal was made for the peo-  
ple to elect the Democrats that they  
might show the country what they could  
do. The speaker insisted that results  
had demonstrated that the Democrats  
were the false prophets. They have  
been in power two years. The great  
prophet at Washington said the repeal  
of the purchasing clause in the silver  
bill would bring about good times and  
then he predicted that killing the Mc-  
Kinley bill would save the country. All  
would be well, but he proved himself  
the chief of false prophets. In intro-  
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blood in his veins changed every seven  
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Mr. Mason's Speech.  
Mr. Mason was received with loud ap-  
plause as he came forward to the desk.  
He came to the front smiling, and began  
by making pleasant allusions to Decatur  
and her people. It was his first trip to  
the city, and he had enjoyed his ride  
through the streets. A gentleman in  
the party who was a real estate dealer  
had given him such a big talk about  
Decatur, that he (Mr. Mason) was really  
sorry that he didn't live in this city  
instead of Chicago. (Laughter.) He  
admired loyalty of citizens to their  
city, state and nation. Suppose  
that you had a rival city in this country  
and that your common council and may-  
or should so legislate that the rival city,  
its manufacturers and merchants should  
be built up at the expense of your own.  
What would you think of such an ad-  
ministration? What would you think  
of your mayor and alderman if they  
were wined and dined in the rival city  
for the good they had done to it? (Ap-  
plause.) It is plain that it doesn't take  
a surgical operation for this audience to  
see the point. (Laughter.) And yet  
that is precisely what Wilson has done  
in an American congress for Europe. I  
read in this morning's paper that Mr.  
Wilson, the leader of the democratic  
house, had just been wined and dined  
by the Lord Somebody, duke of the  
checker board, or Somebody else in Lon-  
don. Do you suppose that Reed or Mc-  
Kinley would have been thus invited?  
(Cries of "No, No.") When England  
sends to Reed or McKinley such an in-  
vitation we may expect the devil to  
send an invitation to the twelve disci-  
ples to go down to a 12 o'clock tea with  
him. (Applause.)

We are not abusing Democrats this  
year for two reasons. One is that there  
are only a few of them left and the other  
reason is that we need them in our busi-  
ness. We want all the Democrats to  
come over to the Lord's side and do  
some good work for this country. Let  
our congresses henceforth have their  
finger on the pulse of the people and not  
be bending their necks to see what cable  
messengers say that England wants. \* \*  
The bill which the Democrats have  
finally passed suited nobody but six men  
in the senate who forced it on the coun-  
try. The Democrats are not satisfied  
with their bill, and if they are again suc-  
cessful they would once more hold busi-  
ness suspended while they tinkered with  
the tariff. We appeal to you to help us  
put an American on guard in the house  
of representatives.

There are three great principles of  
Republican protection easily understood.  
First, we levy a tariff upon things we  
produce in this country; second, there is  
no tariff on things we cannot produce;  
third, by reciprocity we mean that we  
allow things we need to come in free  
if the countries with whom we can  
deal will allow articles we make to get  
into their ports free of duty, the presi-  
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You ought to spend your money in  
the country where you make it. Lincoln  
told the story better than any one else.  
He said "If we buy \$50 worth of steel  
from an English manufacturer, we have  
the steel and England has the money. If  
we buy \$50 worth of steel from an Ameri-  
can manufacturer we have both the  
steel and the money." (Applause.)

Countries like Germany, Cuba and  
other countries can be forced to make  
favorable arrangements with Americans  
for trade by discriminating against them  
in their products. Germany had an em-  
bargo against American pork and there  
were millions of dollars worth of Ger-  
man best sugar coming to this country.  
The reciprocity clause empowered the  
president to place a duty of 2 cents a  
pound on all German sugar unless that  
embargo against American pork was  
lifted. It was lifted and the American  
farmer who produces corn was benefited  
thereby. Under this reciprocity clause  
we had advantageous treaties with ten  
different nations which were all swept  
away by the Gorman law. In Cuba  
under reciprocity there was annually  
used \$450,000 more of American pro-  
ducts than there had been used before.  
I assert that every one of these treaties  
which were so advantageous for Ameri-  
cans were broken except one and that  
one was with the Hawaiian Islands  
which belong to the sugar trust. There  
is a treaty with Hawaii by which the  
islanders are bringing in free all the sugar  
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Concluded on Eighth Page.



Some of Our  
New Novelties  
—KING—  
CHILDREN'S  
CLOTHING  
For Fall.  
See Them

## B. STINE Clothing Co.

## Millinery Novelties.

The Newest Designs.

The Newest Designs in French Mil-  
linery, comprising all the  
New Shapes in

## HATS and BONNETS,

And all the Latest Colors in  
VELVETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS and  
FANCY MILLINERY.

Bradley Bros  
Decatur Ill.  
Agents Standard Patent and Jouvin Kid Gloves.





# THE STAR SAFETY RAZOR

Renders shaving an easy and convenient luxury. Obviates all danger of cutting the face. Once used you will never be without it.

Complete Shaving Outfit for sale by

**W. R. Abbott & Co.**  
Jewelers.

## Special Inducement! \$3 Discount!

To those intending purchasing an Oak Heating Stove this fall a discount of \$3 will be made if purchased at once.

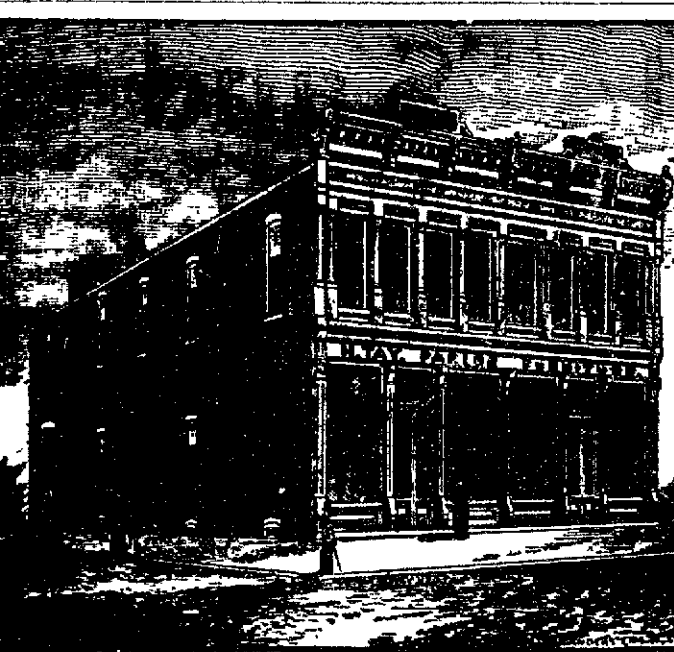
We have the prettiest and best Oak heater on the market.

**G. W. Scovill,**

211, 213 and 215 South Side City Park,  
Complete House Furnisher on E Z Payments.

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness."  
We use only **SANTA CLAUS SOAP**,  
And White Wings of Purity  
Spread their radiance around us.

**SANTA CLAUS SOAP**  
IS THE BEST FOR EVERY HOUSEHOLD USE.  
ALL GROCERS KEEP IT.  
MADE ONLY BY  
**N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.**  
CHICAGO.



Call at my factory for Parlor Suits, Lounges, Couches, Easy Chairs, Rockers, Old Suits and Lounges Recovered. Hair and Moss Mattresses made to order. Prices range from \$16 to \$200. Select your own shades of covering in plush, tapestry and silk brocades. The above are all my own manufacture, so I can save you money. Do you want a Bedroom Suit, Extension Table, Sideboard? Remember my number, 243-247 South Water street.

**H. TAY.**

### Daily Republican

B. K. HAMMER, W. F. CALHOUN,  
HAMMER & CALHOUN, Prop'rs.  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter.  
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
By mail, postage paid, one year, \$5.00.  
Delivered by carrier to any part of city.  
Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance, \$5.00.  
Postal card requests, or orders through telephone No. 44, will secure early attention of carriers in any district.  
Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 123 South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 28, 1894.

#### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For State Treasurer,  
HENRY WULF, of Cook county.  
State Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
S. M. INGLIS, of Jackson county.  
Trustees University of Illinois,  
MRS. LUCY FLOWER, of Cook county.  
S. A. BULLARD, of Sangamon county.  
ALEX. MCLEAN, of McDonough county.  
For Congress,  
MAJOR J. A. CONNOLLY.  
State Senator,  
M. F. KANAN, of Macon County.  
Representatives,  
W. G. COCHRAN, of Moultrie County.  
JAMES E. SHARROCK, of Christian County.  
County Judge,  
WILLIAM L. HAMMER.  
County Treasurer,  
CHARLES H. PATTERSON.  
County Clerk,  
JAMES M. DODD.  
Sheriff,  
JERRY F. NICHOLSON.  
County Superintendent of Schools,  
JOHN G. KELLER.

The Fourteenth district took the town by surprise.

It was a hummer and it did not cost \$1,000 either.

Hon W. E. MASON made one mistake in his splendid speech last night. He said, referring to Cleveland, "There is about 300 pounds of raw material which will go out of the White House in 1897." Grover is not raw material, he is the unfinished product of the Mugwumps and campaign deceptions.

The rousing Republican meeting at the tabernacle last night seems to have changed the scope of the Democratic optic. At the time of the MacVough meeting, according to the Democratic report, the tabernacle held 5,000 people. As viewed by the Democratic optic last night it only held 1000 people. But the average Democratic leader should not be expected to hold the same view of anything for 24 hours.

#### Altgeld's Penitentiary.

The tax-payers of Illinois may be interested in knowing, in addition to convict labor being brought into ruinous competition with free labor, the way they are being bled to defray the expenses of the penitentiary. Those who care to know the facts may learn them by reading the following from the Chicago Tribune:

At no time during the history of the Joliet penitentiary has the competition of the labor of the convicts been felt so keenly by free labor as at present, and at no time during the history of the institution has this prison been so great an expense to the tax payer as it has since Gov. Altgeld assumed control. It is said by those in a position to know that the Joliet institution is in actual need of funds. This state of affairs exists in the face of the fact that the last general assembly provided \$500,000 to run the prison until the next legislature should make an appropriation. This fund, it now seems, has been exhausted, and it also a large sum of money that has been taken in by the commissioners on unexpired convict contracts and by the sale of prison-made goods. How much has been derived from this source no one but Warden Allen and the commissioners knows. The institution apparently has been managed as if the source of revenue were inexhaustible, but it is reliably stated that the commissioners are at the end of their string.

Before the coffers were emptied, however, the Warden's house was renovated, refurnished, and in many respects altered. Those who have been permitted to peep behind the veil say the furnishings are luxurious. The average Democrat may not regard this as Jeffersonian simplicity, but the Penitentiary commissioners view the situation differently. Not long ago Warden Allen wanted his salary raised, and it is said, got in a tuff because it was not done promptly. He threatened to resign. The commissioners popped it up to \$3,000. It must be remembered that the Warden not only is provided a home furnished with all that money can buy, but the state also provides the living. Still Mr. Allen kicked. A new position was created and his newly-married son given it. The salary was fixed at \$2,000. This young man, it is said, lives with his parents. The warden's other son was put on the road selling convict-made cigars at a salary of \$1,500. It is said he was absolutely without experience when he took up the work, and, according to the officers of the International Cigarmakers' Union, he has not learned much about it yet.

All this has been going on while thousands of men who depend upon the cigar industry, harnessmaking, broom making, etc., are looking for work.

It is said \$500,000 of the \$600,000 the Democrats had when they started in business was expended in electric plant and general manufacturing equipment. The electrical plant is said to be one of the most perfect in the state. This would be an economy, providing the money had been judiciously expended. Whether it has or has not been ascertained, but some people insinuate it cost too much. When Governor Altgeld was going up and down the state denouncing the Republicans for their management of the Joliet institution it was earning the above all expenses \$40,000 a year, and the convicts were not competing with free labor any more than they are now. The Joliet commissioners have taken up several lines of business and there is not

A man on the board who has had experience in making brooms, chairs, harness, or any other kind of trade, the prison has entered. The amount the institution may be short annually will not be known until the commissioners appear before the appropriation committee of the next general assembly.

#### David B. Hill.

The nomination, by acclamation, of David B. Hill for governor by the New York Democracy is another evidence that as a national party the Democratic party never knows where it is "at," and for that reason is a fraud and a delusion, unworthy the support of men who mean to be honest with themselves and their country.

In the early part of the first session of the present congress Senator Hill made a speech against certain features of the Wilson bill which attracted considerable attention. The speech was taken to mean hostility to Cleveland, the great tariff reformer, and it was followed by a mass meeting in Cooper Institute, at which Henry George and others denounced Hill in very strong terms as a traitor to tariff reform and several other Democratic political gowaws. Immediately the Democratic press of the country, taking the cue from the New York meeting, opened up a broadside which to their notion swept Hill as a modern Jonah overboard.

The Republican press and leaders, who know the Democratic party better than it knows itself, served notice on the Democratic party that the time would come, when, as a party, it would be licking the dust from Hill's sandals, but the attacks on Hill continued and that gentleman made several other speeches against the Wilson bill, and finally voted with the Republicans against the measure. Since then the Democratic press and the Democratic campaigners, in obedience to the plan to make a scapegoat of somebody or something to cover up the stupidity and failure of the party, have placed Senator Hill in the catalogue of those men, whom they characterize as Judas Iscariots and whom they charge defeated the will of the Democratic party.

In view of these facts, the unanimous nomination of David B. Hill, the Judas Iscariot, as seen through the eyes of Springer, Scott, and MacVough, can have but one significance. It means just what the Republicans long ago predicted would come to pass, that the Democrats would have to hedge on their attack on American industries and American labor. David B. Hill voted with the Republicans against the Wilson bill, and David B. Hill, within thirty days after the "act of perfidy and dishonor" became a law, is the only leader in New York the Democrats dare nominate with any hope of success for governor of New York, and in 1896 this "Judas Iscariot" of the added Democracy of 1894 will be the only man they will dare nominate for president, and his strength will lie in the fact that he voted with the Republicans against the Democratic tariff bill.

#### A RAIL TURNED OVER.

And the Cars Rolled Down a Twenty-Five Foot Embankment.

MARTINSBURG, Va., Sept. 28.—The Royal Blue line St. Louis-New York express on the Baltimore & Ohio, which left Cincinnati at 6:30 Wednesday night, was wrecked at Myer's hole, six miles west of here, yesterday morning, by a rail turning over while the train was running forty miles an hour. The entire train left the track, two sleepers, the ladies' car and smoker rolling down a twenty-five foot embankment, the engine, postal, express and baggage cars hanging to the ties. Of the hundred passengers on the train, railroad surgeons who went to the wreck by special train from here report none seriously injured, although many are cut or painfully bruised. The passengers all went forward to their several destinations yesterday afternoon. Travel was delayed five hours.

#### DUE TO INSANITY.

Prof. Shortridge Acquitted of Wife-Murder on the Ground of Insanity.

MELLA, Pa., Sept. 28.—The trial of Prof. F. C. Shortridge for the murder of his wife was concluded yesterday. After being closeted about an hour and a half the jury returned a verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity. The verdict was not much of a surprise, and after it was announced Prof. Shortridge was congratulated by his friends, who crowded around him. He was remanded to the Norristown asylum until cured or released by death.

Blown Over with but Little Damage. SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 27.—The storm has blown over. Very little damage has been done. Few houses were unroofed or trees blown down. No reports of loss of life from the Sea Islands have been received, although crops are damaged.

Waiting for the Official Notification. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Senator Hill when asked yesterday why he had not announced his acceptance of the democratic nomination for governor replied: "I have not yet been officially informed of my nomination."

Old Enough to Know Better. POWERS, O., Sept. 28.—In an action for breach of promise brought by Gertrude Young, a widow, 59 years old, against Henry Dlicher, aged 73, the plaintiff was yesterday awarded damages of \$1,900.

Looking Ground Heavily. MONTREAL, Can., Sept. 27.—Ex-Premier Marcellin is looking ground hourly. He had a very restless night and is very much depressed.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR

### PEARY'S PROVISIONS

What the Members of His Party Had to Eat.

#### W. T. SWAIN ON MRS. PEARY'S SURPRISE

That Members of the Expedition Found Fault with the Quantity or Quality of the Food Furnished—  
"The Woman Did It."

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—The interview sent out from Washington with Mrs. Peary, in which she expressed surprise that any member of the expedition to Greenland under her husband's leadership should have found fault with the quantity and quality of food, excited the ire of the dissatisfied members of the party, and they vented their feelings somewhat freely to-day. W. T. Swain, who was one of the party, and went out with Peary as his private secretary, said:

"Mrs. Peary I see had something to say about the food. Let me give you our menu during the last two months of our stay, while we waited for the relief party. This menu was the outcome of Peary's arrangements, and was due to insufficient provisioning in the beginning.

Breakfast—Corn-meal mush, sprinkled by Peary with sugar and a sparing hand; bacon with the fat fried out of it; an occasional spoonful of Boston beans out of a can; coffee.

Lunch—Boiled seal meat, tasting like stale mutton flavored with coal oil; corn bread; tea.

Dinner—Reindeer meat—when we could get it, seal meat when we could not; bear occasionally, one-half a slice of white bread, coffee.

On Sunday evening, as a special treat, we had for desert one can of tomatoes among the party. What Peary and his wife had we don't know. They lived apart, and not one of us was ever, during the whole time, invited to their quarters.

Peary treated us to a lot of red tape and autocratic rule that had serious consequences sometimes. I am lame on account of it. He would order some of us to go on a seventy-five mile sledge journey to procure food for his dogs, and only give us an hour's warning, when half a day could have been accorded. The hour did not suffice to dry our fur stockings, and we ran the risk of frozen feet. My toe, which lames me, was frozen in just that manner. And one thing I can add, no Arctic expedition can ever succeed which takes a woman along to hamper it.

#### THE JEW IN FIRE INSURANCE.

Said to be Given to Arson and Generally a Bad Risk.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—A scene was created in the Underwriters' convention, yesterday, by the reading of a paper entitled "The Jew in Fire Insurance," by C. C. Hine, editor of the New York Insurance Monitor. Mr. Hine was very outspoken in his views, and his statements caused quite an uproar. He charged that property owned by Jews was generally a bad risk. He said that as a race they were given to arson, and aimed to make money out of the fire insurance companies. He quoted statistics to prove that his assertions were correct. He selected Hebrew names from fire reports, and went deeply into the matter as to the proportion as compared with those of other nationalities.

#### A FIRE CAPTAIN SUFFOCATED.

Four Other Members of the Department Narrowly Escape the Same Fate.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—At a small fire at 254 State street last night, one captain of the fire department was suffocated, and four other firemen were so overcome by smoke that they came near losing their lives, and are now being attended by physicians. The dead fireman is Capt. Jim Russell of Co. 10. Russell was taken to a drug store and four doctors were summoned, but all efforts to revive him were without avail.

#### Wife Murder and Suicide.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28.—Louis Miller, aged 40, a laborer, living at the corner of Race and Water streets, shot his wife yesterday afternoon and then fired a bullet into his own breast. Miller is dead and his wife cannot live. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy. The couple had two daughters, one aged 18 and the other 12.

#### Baseball.

The following games were played yesterday:

At Cincinnati—New Yorks, 11; Cincinnati, 4.

At Cleveland—Clevelands, 26; Philadelphia, 4.

At Pittsburgh—Bostons, 8; Pittsburgh, 1.

The St. Louis Fair to Open Monday.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—The prospect is that the thirty-first annual St. Louis Fair will open Monday, September 1, and continue for six weeks. It is the greatest fair ever held in this city.

### Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctor that she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such a result, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at King & Hubbard's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Miss LUDIA HECKMAR, of Pekin, on Oct. 4, will wed Mr. Joseph Holmes, of Virginia, Ill.

#### What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: "I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve until I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends."

John Cranston, 908 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes: "I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c. Sold by C. H. Dawson."

CHARLES L. EATON, formerly of Broad lands, Champaign county, died on the 23d at Oconomowoc, Wis.

#### Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This Liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in its being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in Paralysis. Sold by C. H. Dawson, Drug gist.

R. FINE COFFIN is the name of a Shel byvillian. He is, very appropriately, receiver for the Water and Light company.

THERE is an immense crop of pawpaws in Menard county.

#### What's the Use of Talking

About colds and coughs in the summer time? You may have a tickling cough or a little cold, or baby may have the croup, and when it comes you ought to know that Parker Cough Syrup is the best cure for it. Sold by W. F. Neisler.

CAPT. HEDDLSTON, a noted saloonist of Peoria, died on Tuesday aged 60. He had saved \$15,000.

SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose; 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by C. H. Dawson.

MONTICELLO's wonderful alligator died last Sunday and was skinned by the natural history class.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It is a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles. C. H. Dawson.

HEADACHE is the direct result of indigestion and Stomach Disorders. Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers and your Headache disappears. The favorite Little Pill everywhere. C. H. Dawson.

Two inches of big hail fell at Dillon and battered the apples off the trees.

RUDY'S PILE SUPPOSITORY is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded. 50 cents per box. Send stamp for circular and free sample to MARTIN RUDY, Lancaster, Pa. For Sale by W. A. Dixon & Co., Druggists, Decatur, Ill.

PEORIA is planning for a mile race track.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. C. H. Dawson.

THERE are 500 hunters for every duck at Spring Lake.

NO GRIPING, NO NAUSEA, NO PAIN, when De Witt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small Pill. Safe Pill. Best Pill. C. H. Dawson.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

**Miss Anna McDonald**

Will be in Chicago Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the coming week in the interest of our Millinery Department.

Will be in her Department on Friday morning ready to take orders.

Our Semi-Annual Display

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 10.

A cordial invitation extended to all.

At 111 East Main St.

# OTTENHEIMER Boys' Department New Fall Style

Just received, a Big Lot of Clothes. Better goods at prices than ever.

All Wool Suits, ages 5 to 14, at \$2.50.  
Our Great suit this season, all wool, and double knee pants, ages 4 to 14, \$3.00.

Our finer suits at \$5.00, at \$6.50, at \$8.00.

Our line of Boys' Junior Suits, ages 3 to 14, vets and Scotches, at \$2.50 up to \$6.50.

Boys' Reefer Suits, ages 3 to 8, at \$2.50.  
Come in all wool Scotch goods—wide sale.

Boys' Fine Suits, in long cut Sack, double breasted, newest fabrics.

Boys' Single Pants at 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

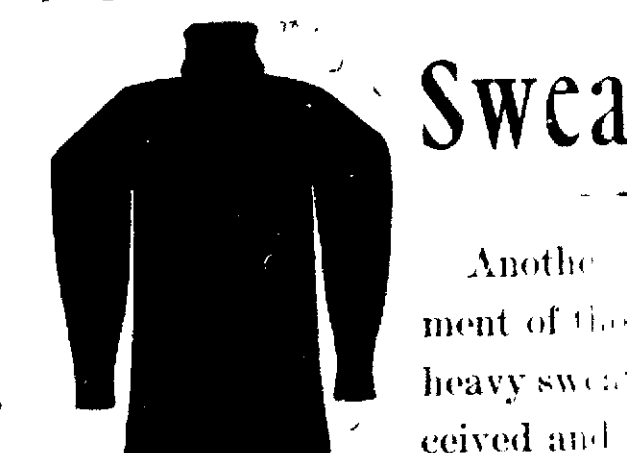
## Ottenheimer & Mason

Reliable Clothes, Hats and Furnishings.

Telephone 182. MASONIC

## Fruits For Can

Michigan Bartlett Peaches  
Freestone & Cling Peaches  
Damson and Purple Plums  
Sweet Apples and Quinces  
Fine Eating and Canning Apples, at  
**JOHN FINN**  
Either Old or New Telephone



35 and 50 Cents

Less than Half Price. Call and see.

**H. MUELLER GUTHRIE**

If You Want Good

Always ask your dealer for

"White Foam" or

"White Br"

BRAN'S OF FLOUR

They are the best in the market. EVERY SACK

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

THE HATFIELD MILLING CO.



## DIVISIONS

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piles. C. H. Dawson.

THERE are 500 hunters for every duck  
at Spring Lake.

NO GRIPING, no Nausea, no 'tain, when  
DeWitt's Little Early Risers are taken.  
Small Pill. Safe Pill. Best Pill. C. H.  
Dawson.

**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**  
World's Fair Highest Award.

Miss

Anna McDonald

Will be in Chicago Mon-  
day, Tuesday, Wednes-  
day and Thursday of  
the coming week in the  
interest of our Millinery  
Department.

Will be in her Department on  
Friday morning ready to  
take orders.

Our Semi-Annual Display

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 10.

A cordial invitation extended  
to all.

Respectfully,

181 EAST MAIN ST.

# OTTENHEIMER & CO.

## Boys' Department.

## New Fall Styles.

Just received, a Big Lot of Boys'  
Clothes. Better goods for the  
prices than ever.

All Wool Suits, ages 5 to 14, at \$2.50.  
Our Great suit this season, all wool, double seat  
and double knee pants, ages 4 to 14, \$3.00.

Our finer suits at \$5.00, at \$6.50, at \$8.00.

Our line of Boys' Junior Suits, ages 3 to 8, in Vel-  
vets and Scotches, at \$2.50 up to \$6.50.

Boys' Reefer Suits, ages 3 to 8, at \$2.50 up to \$6.50.  
Come in all wool Scotch goods--wide sailor colors.

Boys' Fine Suits, in long cut Sack, single and  
double breasted, newest fabrics.

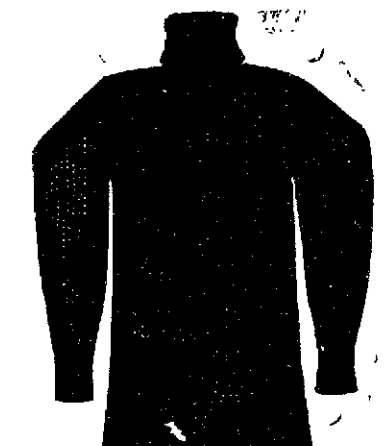
Boys' Single Pants at 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

# Ottenheimer & Co.

Reliable Clothes, Hats and Furnishings,  
Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE.

## Fruits For Canning.

Michigan Bartlett Pears,  
Freestone & Cling Peaches,  
Damson and Purple Plums,  
Sweet Apples and Quinces,  
Fine Eating and Cooking  
Apples, at  
**JOHN FINN'S,**  
Either Old or New Telephone, No. 341.



## Sweaters!

Another large ship-  
ment of those light and  
heavy sweaters just re-  
ceived and will go at

35 and 50 Cents Each.

Less than Half Price. Call and see them.

**H. MUELLER GUN CO.**

If You Want Good Bread

Always ask your dealer for the  
"White Foam" or  
"White Bread"

BRAND'S OF FLOUR.  
They are the best in the market. EVERY SACK GUARANTEED.  
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

THE HATFIELD MILLING CO. Decatur, Ill.

**Daily Republican**  
**Old Wheat Flour**  
Makes the Best Bread.  
No New Wheat in Pillsbury's  
Best Flour.  
**BUY THE BEST.**  
**CLOYD,**  
The People's Grocer,  
144 EAST MAIN STREET.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 28, 1894.

## LOCAL NEWS.

FRESH oysters at Wood's, 142 Mer-  
chant street. Try them.

ROCK BALSAM cures coughs and colds.  
Sold by I. N. Irwin & Co.

You will like the Little Rose and Bou-  
quet cigars. Call for them.

BIKES TO RENT, DODD & SANNER  
Co., 153 Merchant St. apr18-dtf

HABITUAL constipation can be cured  
by using Irwin's Cascara Tablets.

JOHN BIRD says: "We don't need any  
band and speakers this trip. It's going  
being as easy as a cake walk."

Go to Henry Bros' bakery for all  
kinds of cakes, pies, etc. sept28-dtf

TO-DAY the Iroquois club will play the  
team at Moweaqua. Gates and Patter-  
son will be the Decatur battery.

THE very best place in town to trade  
is at C. J. Munson's grocery store and  
meat market, 449 North Main street.

DR. WHEELER'S Vitalizer, of druggists,  
at \$1 a bottle, revitalizes weak nerves--  
restores health. \$1 of C. H. Dawson.

THE contract for Albert Barnes' new  
residence to go up on West William  
street has been awarded to A. H. Hum-  
phrey. The dwelling will cost \$7000.

H. F. DAY, of Moweaqua, was re-  
elected recorder of the Illinois Knights  
of Honor. He will begin his fifth year in  
that office at once.

BUY a can of Platt & Co.'s Tiger brand  
oysters of your groceryman and you will  
get the worth of your money. 22-d6

THE Y. W. C. T. U. will hold a busi-  
ness meeting at the home of Mrs. Mc-  
Call, 842 North College street, this (Fri-  
day) evening, at 7:30 o'clock. A full at-  
tendance is desired.

MRS. C. E. SCHROLL will have an "at  
home" on Friday, Oct. 5, at her home,  
820 West William street, from 4 to 6.  
She will be assisted by Mrs. W. J. Hos-  
tetter and Mrs. Clarence A. Wait.

THOSE elegant Haines Upright pianos  
and Packard organs are on sale at the  
C. B. Prescott music house. Step in  
and see them. They are first-class in-  
struments.

THE Buyers' and Merchants' Benefit  
Bureau saves you 4 per cent on your on-  
line living expenses. Call upon the man-  
ager L. Chodot and learn how. dec16-dtf

IN Justice Shorb's court last evening  
the tramp, William Hamilton, who shot  
at Officer Park, was held for the deed.  
Bail was fixed at \$200. Later five  
tramps were in the same court and each  
for vagrancy was given 60 days in jail.

THE library of the Rev. R. N. Davies,  
of Decatur, deceased, was sold by the  
conference at Champaign for \$500. This  
library has been placed in the Wesleyan  
University, and will be a fine addition.

THESE are the days when the house-  
holder rushes down cellar to start a fire  
and then finds that those repairs on the  
furnace that he decided on last spring  
had not been ordered. Then he goes to  
the furnace man and learns that that  
individual has his hands so full of work  
that he has not even time to say he can-  
not come for two months.

AMONG the visitors to the state fair  
yesterday were: Miss Emily Hamsher,  
Miss Belle Burrows, Mrs. F. J. Sedg-  
wick, Misses Grace and Corinne Shella-  
barger, Miss Mollie Tuttle, Mrs. W. H.  
Suffern, B. M. Goodwin and wife, of  
Lake City, Frank Rich, J. Edward Sax-  
ton and wife, T. W. Walmsley and wife,  
Mrs. Keyser, sister of Mr. Saxton, W.  
E. Clark, J. R. Race, L. A. Buckingham  
and wife, J. W. Race, Miss Grace Kirk-  
patrick, bookkeeper in the office of the  
Singer Sewing Machine company, Geo.  
M. Barnett, W. P. Shade, Misses Mina  
and Julia Nicholson, Hattie Hauser, O.  
F. Corman, Mrs. Arthur and daughter,  
Claudia, Mrs. M. Eichinger, Frank Stev-  
enson, George S. Lyon, Thomas Strain  
and wife.

**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**  
World's Fair Highest Award and Distinction.

**We Have**

**Fresh Oysters.**

Try Them.

**A. J. WOOD,**

142 Merchant St.

Telephone 320.

**Peniwell - Weaner - Athons - Mc-  
Cormick - United for Late.**

The marriage of Montford Peniwell  
and Miss Lulu Weaner was solemnized  
last evening at 8 o'clock, at the home of  
the bride's mother, Mrs. John Weaner,  
north of the city, Rev. H. H. Oneal offi-  
ciating. The wedding march was played  
by the Opera orchestra, and beneath  
a beautiful arch of goldenrod and  
flowers the ceremony was witnessed  
by a large number of friends including  
Goodman's Band, of which the groom is  
a member. The band played a number  
of selections to express their congratula-  
tions to Mont. A sumptuous wedding  
repast was served in the dining room,  
which was decorated with pink carna-  
tions. Among the gifts was a handsome  
bronze clock from the band. The groom  
is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Peni-  
well and assists his father in the city  
railroad ticket office. The bride is a  
popular and accomplished young lady.  
She wore cream serge, with trimmings  
of lace ribbons, pearls and flowers. The  
couple will reside on West Packard  
street.

**ATHONS-M'CORMICK.**

Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27, Fred  
Athons and Miss Mary McCormick were  
married by Rev. Father Mackin at his  
home, the ring ceremony being used.  
Frank Higgins and Miss Katie McCor-  
mick were the attendants, and quite a  
number of friends witnessed the cere-  
mony. The handsome bride wore light  
blue Henrietta with hat and gloves to  
match; diamonds and flowers. Mr.  
Athons is a Wabash fireman on No. 380  
and the bride is a daughter of Mr. and  
Mrs. Frank McCormick, and is a gradu-  
ate of St. Mary's convent. The couple  
are in St. Louis. They will be at home  
to friends at 1088 East Prairie street in  
the near future.

**A Delightful Surprise.**

One of the most complete surprises  
was planned and carried to a successful  
conclusion on Mrs. C. W. Frew, of 402  
South Main by her husband, it being  
her 44th birthday. Mrs. Frew was  
coaxed away from home to go to Spring-  
field to attend the state fair. On her  
return she was surprised to find her  
home illuminated and the house full of  
friends to receive her while Allison's or-  
chestra was discoursing fine music.  
Mrs. Frew received many valuable pre-  
sents among which was a \$20 bill from  
her husband. A magnificent supper  
was had after which the friends depart-  
ed for their homes wishing Mrs. Frew  
a long and happy life. Among those  
present were L. C. Light, Ellery Kirk-  
bride, James Campbell, C. Morris, G.  
Morris, M. Allison and their wives, Mrs.  
S. Ward, Misses May Allison and Marie  
Light, and M. E. Dunbar, Pete Camp-  
bell, Maxie and Earl Kirkbride.

**Suicide.**

A most shocking case of suicide is re-  
ported from Bolivia, between Mechanics-  
burg and Mt. Auburn. D. Coleburn, a  
young married man, son-in-law of  
Henry Cochran, was sick with typhoid  
fever. His father-in-law called to see  
him on Wednesday evening of last week.  
He was sitting by the bedside of the  
sick man when the latter asked him to  
let him have his pocket-knife with which  
to trim his finger nails. He handed it  
to him and then turned to speak to  
some one in an adjoining room. Hearing  
a grunting noise, he looked around and  
found that Coleburn had cut his throat  
from ear to ear. All efforts to stop the  
flow of blood were in vain, and he died  
in about an hour. No reason is assigned  
for the rash act except that of desper-  
necy. The internment took place at the  
Waltz cemetery on Sunday.—Blue  
Mound Leader.

**The Pops.**

They had a meeting last night in En-  
gineers Hall on East Eldorado street at  
which G. W. Jones presided. The  
speakers were Dan Goode, Mrs. Sarah  
E. Cattelle, and W. E. R. Kell. The  
latter volunteered a personal allusion to  
reporters which was entirely gratuitous.  
It is apparent that some time or other  
some reporter has given Kell a jolt in  
print which left a sore that will not heal.

**Teachers' Meeting.**

The following is the program arranged  
for the teachers' meeting to be held in  
the office of Superintendent Donahay  
Saturday afternoon:  
Music—L. I. Cramer.  
Spelling—Alice Bowman.  
Composition—E. F. Colwell.  
Ramble of Words—Rev. H. H. Oneal.  
Primary Reading—Mrs. Murphy.  
The committee on program consists of  
Lily Givier, Alice Dillon, H. A. Gaskill.

**Steam Heating.**

Now is the time to prepare for cold  
weather, and those contemplating using  
steam from the Whitmer plant will find  
it to their advantage to call on the Deca-  
tur Novelty Works for an estimate on re-  
quired radiation. Steam and hot water  
heating of residences will be given spe-  
cial attention. Telephone 188 both com-  
panies.—[24d-6t.

**This Counts.**

Dress goods sale at the Arcade: Fan-  
cy black goods, were \$1, now 75c; 40 in.  
Arnold Henriettas, were, \$1, now 78c;  
46 in. all wool Henriettas, were 50c, now  
38c; double fold plaids, 10c a yard.  
—31st

**A Distinguished Sportsman.**

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison has  
written that he will go to Spring Lake,  
twelve miles north of Pekin, in a few  
days for a short season of hunting and  
fishing.

CALL on SHELLBARGER'S for  
BALED HAY, STRAW and MILLET.

Among the many interesting features  
in the performance there is one trick in  
particular called "The Execution Chair,"  
which has attracted widespread atten-  
tion. It is said to be fully as clever as  
any of the much featured illusions of  
either Hermann or Keller. The trick is  
of the vanishing lady order. A young  
girl condemned to die is seated in the  
fatal chair which is raised to the  
shoulders of four stalwart men, who  
stand directly in the centre of the stage,  
close to the footlights. The back of the  
stage is at least 30 feet away and the  
lights are never for an instant turned  
down. A hood is thrown over the lady  
while the preparations for the execution  
take place. A moment later when the  
hood is raised, the lady has disappeared.  
"The Great Railroad Scene" in "Su-  
perba" in which five rapidly moving  
trains meet with a collision is said to  
be considerable of an improvement over  
the original effort of the Hanlons in  
this line, which was first seen in "Le  
Voyage on Suisse," "The Fair Ban-  
quet," "The Phantom House," "The Magic  
Mirror," "The Bogie Man" and "The  
Seven Giants" are some of the other me-  
chanical novelties introduced. The  
company embraces about seventy-five  
people and three 60 foot carloads of  
scenery are used in the presentation.  
A host of clever specialty performers  
will be seen.

**Reception for Pastor Maurer.**

Last evening the reception for the  
new pastor, Rev. E. B. Maurer, and wife,  
at the United Brethren church, was  
largely attended. Rev. L. Field pre-  
sided. The program commenced with  
a song by the choir and Rev. J. W. Bog-  
gess offered a prayer. Rev. H. D. Athey  
read the 13th chapter of the I. Corinthi-  
ans and Miss Zora Osborn sang a solo.  
Addresses of welcome were made by the  
Rev. J. A. F. King, W. H. H. Dodd,  
Miss Mabel Hatfield and Miss Jennie  
Gardiner, in behalf of the congregation,  
the Y. P. S. C. E., the Ladies' Society.  
Rev. Maurer responded and thanked the  
speakers for their kindly greetings. The  
choir sang "Blest be the Tie that Binds"  
and the formal exercises closed when  
Rev. King pronounced the benediction.  
After these exercises Rev. Maurer was  
introduced to the members of the con-  
gregation and a general hand-shaking  
followed.

**Egg is a Bechamel.**

Six eggs, one tablespoonful flour, one  
gill cream, one tablespoonful butter, one  
gill white or veal stock, one egg yolk,  
salt and pepper to taste. Boil the eggs  
fifteen minutes and prepare the sauce as  
follows: Melt the butter in a frying pan,  
being careful not to burn it; add to it  
the flour; mix until smooth; add the  
stock and cream and stir continually  
until it boils; add salt and pepper, and  
stand over the teakettle to keep warm  
while you shell the eggs. Cut the whites  
into shreds; chop yolk into squares;  
place them in the center of a shallow  
warm dish; place whites around them;  
stir the sauce, pour over the eggs and  
serve.

THE hog packers did the Joshua act  
in the hog market last week, "emiting it  
hip and thigh." They wanted to get in  
shape for the regular winter packing  
season, which opens next Monday. They  
have hogs lower than a year ago and  
ought to be pretty well satisfied, as the  
hog crop is smaller and the general busi-  
ness situation much better than a year  
ago. The effect the big break would  
have on the country has been looked for  
with eagerness. Many thought farmers  
would feel more than ever the necessity  
for holding corn and selling hogs before  
the latter depreciated in values. In that  
case a large increase in receipts might  
have been expected to follow the break.  
The fact that receipts fell off consid-  
erably shows that the country people are  
not in a very shaky condition and that  
they like the hogs better than they do  
the prices.

THE members of the Y. P. S. C. E. of  
Grace M. E. church are making prepara-  
tions for a social to be given this even-  
ing at the parsonage in honor of their  
pastor, Dr. H. H. Oneal, his new ap-  
pointment. An interesting program  
will be rendered, and refreshments will  
be served. A cordial invitation to be  
present is extended to all members of  
the society.

THE regular meeting of the W. C. T.  
U. was held yesterday afternoon. Dele-  
gates and alternates to the state con-  
vention to be held at Mt. Vernon October 11  
to 14 were elected delegates and Mrs. A.  
Wait and Mrs. Charles Holt alternates.  
Officers will be elected at the next regu-  
lar meeting next Thursday afternoon.

NEW corn is on the market in Missouri,  
Illinois and Indiana. The quality of the  
crop so far is good. While the great  
bulk of the corn crop has matured, the  
gathering of the crop will not commence  
for 30 days yet. The recent rains in the  
corn belt will, for the time being, keep  
it from drying out.

**MARRIED.**

At the home of Father Lamont, Sept. 27,  
by Father Mackin, Frank Harpette and Miss  
Verna Elmer, both of Decatur.

The attendants were Angeline and Miss Ma-  
garet Harpette.

At the Church of God, Warrensburg, by Rev.  
W. L. Bartholomew, Sept. 27, Luther Perdon  
and Miss Oona Ireland.

By Justice O'Neil, Sept. 27, at his office, Thomas  
Pete and Miss Annie Vores, both of Prairie  
Bluff.

The attendants were J. H. Walker and Miss  
Fannie Vores.

Dr. T. S. Meekins, Decatur, Opera  
House Block, opposite Bank.  
[24d-47dt

## Dodd & Sanner Co.





FRIDAY, SEPT. 28, 1894.

## SOCIETY MEETINGS.

O. E. S.—Regular meeting of Decatur Chapter, No. 111, Order Eastern Star, this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock in Masonic Temple. A full attendance is earnestly desired. M. D. ALLEN, W. M. Mrs. BALLIE A. ORCHARD, Sec.

MODERN WOODMEN—All members of Decatur Camp, No. 144, M. W. A. are requested to meet at their hall this evening, Sept. 28, by order of W. H. DAVIS, V. C. GLY P. LEWIS, Clerk.

I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting of Columbia Lodge, No. 160, I. O. O. F., this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Lodge, East Main street, for visiting members cordially invited. Mrs. A. B. DRAKE, N. G. Mrs. ALICE B. POLAND, Sec.

## MINING LAWS IN RUSSIA.

Landholders Have the Right to Mine on Their Lands.

Metallurgical works, in the present sense of the word, were first established in Russia in the reign of Peter the Great, who also founded the first separate official mining administration. An ukase of Peter the Great, dated December 10, 1719, and entitled "The Mining Privilege," forms the first Russian mining law and the basis for all subsequent governmental measures for the regulation of mines. Entire freedom in the establishment of a mining industry in Russia was proclaimed, with the right to prospect for ores and all kinds of mineral deposits, not only on all governmental property and on that of proprietors, but also on the lands of other proprietors, even without their consent. In case of the appropriation of the property of others for metallurgical works or mines, the owners of the enterprise were obliged to pay owners a thirty-second part of the profits, besides a special indemnification for the lands occupied by the mines and works, and for the forests required to supply fuel for the furnaces. The workmen employed in mines and metallurgical works were exempted from all taxation and also from military service.

Recognizing the imperial right over the mineral wealth of the land, Peter the Great instituted a governmental tax of one-tenth of all the product of the mines. In 1730 he issued ukases to the effect that no one should dare to impede the development of mining industries, and also authorizing the importation of foreign workmen for employment in Russian works and mines. These regulations remained in force, with alterations and additions, for more than sixty years. In 1778 the administration of mining affairs underwent an entire reorganization, under the Empress Catherine II., and a higher mining school was founded in St. Petersburg. The Empress Catherine II. took an exactly opposite view from that of Peter the Great. Her manifesto of 1782 endowed landholders with freedom in the disposition of their lands and a right, not only over the superficial area, but also over all the minerals contained beneath, and over the metals produced from such minerals. The main principles of this manifesto remain in force to the present day.

During the reign of the Emperor Nicholas the mining industry made rapid progress in its scientific, technical and administrative aspects. Many mining surveys and expeditions were made in various parts of the Russian empire, including that of Alexander von Humboldt, the geological survey by the English savant Murchison with the French paleontologist De Verneil and Count Kaiserling. This survey embraced the whole of European Russia and the Ural. There were also explorations of the Crimea, Caucasus and Siberia by French, German and Russian scientific men.

Geological surveys and prospectings for mineral deposits were most actively conducted during the reign of the Emperor Alexander II., which embraced every kind of minerals and extended from the frontiers of Germany and Austria over the whole of European and Asiatic Russia to the Pacific ocean; from the Arctic ocean to the southern limits of the Caucasus and the heart of Central Asia, the unexplored Pamir included. Very important changes in the mining administration and legislation of the empire began in 1881. The relations between mine owners and workmen were regulated by applying the already existing factory law to the private mining and metallurgical industries.—N. Y. Post.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burrs, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. C. H. Dawson.

## USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR

Phillips &amp; Co.

have the largest stock of

PIANOS and ORGANS

Ever brought to this city,

Hallet &amp; Davis, Kimball and Hale Pianos, and KIMBALL ORGANS.

Low prices and easy terms.

Will offer Special Bargains for the next thirty days.

Call and see us, or send for catalogue and price list.

Wingate Block.

and North Western Street.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

C. A. Pollock is in Fairbury on business.

George Allen is in Macon to-day on business.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Armstrong are in Springfield.

Supt. H. McCourt, of the Illinois Central, is in the city.

Albert Barnes and J. J. Finn are at Bloomington to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Walter left last night for Springfield.

Mrs. W. C. Pitner is very sick at her home on West Wood street.

Frank Geathard, of Peoria, visited friends in Decatur yesterday.

Miss Anna Spears, of Irving, Ill., is the guest of W. F. Neisler and family.

Mrs. Bryon Springer, of Louisville, Ky., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. M. Dodd.

Mrs. Anna Strohm will leave in the morning for a visit with friends in St. Louis.

Born, to Prof. and Mrs. F. P. Towle, at 975 North Water street, September 27—a daughter.

Mrs. E. Hampton returned yesterday from Lincoln, where she had been visiting with relatives for a week.

Mrs. F. H. Bachman and Mrs. J. T. Bootger attended the funeral of Henry Henn at Mt. Pulaski yesterday.

Miss Anna Powers has been in Springfield for the past few days visiting friends and attending the state fair.

Miss Mayme Wentz, who has been visiting her parents in St. Charles, Mo., for a week, returned home last night.

W. F. Vaughn returned yesterday from the soldiers' reunion at Deland, and reports a very successful meeting.

Frank Hamsher and Lon Tuttle will leave to-morrow night for Ann Arbor, Mich., where they will resume their studies.

E. D. Bartholomew accompanied his daughter to Godfrey, Ill., yesterday where she will enter the Monticello Seminary.

Mrs. Lucien R. Hart and daughter will leave Sunday evening for Slater, Mo., to join her husband, who is now working there.

Mrs. John R. Daniel, after a visit in this city with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Dodd, left yesterday for her home in Washington, Ind.

James Freeman returned yesterday from Springfield, where he has been assisting H. F. Day, secretary of the Knights of Honor.

Mrs. St. Clair Fleming and daughter left yesterday for her home in Topeka, Kan., after a short visit here with Mr. and Mrs. George A. Smith.

Mrs. W. J. Conell left this morning for Godfrey, Ill., accompanied by her grand-daughter, Lora Conell, who will attend the Monticello seminary.

Mrs. Nellie Alexander Keith, of Toronto, Canada, formerly of San Jose, Cal., is in the city visiting friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Wood.

Miss Alice Bering and Miss Luetta Ulrich, of Decatur, will arrive to-morrow to visit Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Spencer over Sunday.—Bloomington Pantagraph.

Charles W. Freeman, formerly of J. F. Bevan's bookstore, has taken a position with Biddell & Letz, wholesale commission house as stenographer and type writer.

Mrs. Walter Liston is at the bedside of her father, Dr. W. A. Smith, in Livingston. He has been very sick but was reported better yesterday. Mr. Liston's sister is improving a little.

Rev. F. W. Imboden is in the city visiting relatives. He is a member of the Central Illinois Methodist conference, and has just been located at Maywood, near Chicago. He was at Woodlawn last year.

Dr. H. D. Heil, who has been in Europe for some months, arrived home this morning and at once opened his office for business. The doctor spent most of his time abroad in Germany. He thinks there is no place like America, and could not be induced to live in the old country. If it were not for the gold of the visitors he says the people of the old cities would go hungry. At Berlin there are 25,000 poverty-stricken people who never feel the warmth of fire.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement of Dr. F. A. Barnes, of the Boston Dental Co., who has opened an office on North Water street, over Johnson's dry goods store. The doctor has conducted a large and successful dental business in New York, prior to coming west, and his abilities are of the highest order. He is supplied with all the latest appliances of the dental art, and will prove an acquisition to the professional circles of the city.

The State Liquor Dealers' association has completed its business in Freeport and decided to meet in Bloomington next year. The officers elected are John F. Gainly, Chicago, president; William Fitzgerald, Chicago, secretary, and Leo Paul Ballenberg, Peoria, treasurer.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produced such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

No gripping, no nausea, no pain, when DeWitt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small Pill. Safe Pill. Best Pill. C. H. Dawson.

## USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

## HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES.

—Sanitary.—It is a good plan to keep a small dish of powdered charcoal on one of the upper shelves of the refrigerator, as it is an excellent absorber of odors. It should be changed every few days.

—Cheese Pie.—With one cup of grated cheese, one of bread crumbs and one of milk mix two well-beaten eggs; pour into a buttered baking dish; dot with butter, and bake twenty minutes.—American Agriculturist.

—Blackberry Pudding.—One and one-half teaspoons of baking powder, two spoons butter, milk for soft dough which can be stirred. Line pudding dish with this, fill with blackberries and sugar and bake about an hour. Serve with cream.—Home.

—Cup Cake.—Two cups of sugar, one cup of butter, one cup of sour cream, three cups of flour, five eggs, one teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful of cream tartar. Beat the butter and the sugar together first. This will make two long pans full of cake.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

—To preserve Quinces White.—Take the fairest you can get; coddle them tender, core with a penknife; use equal weight of quinces and refined sugar dipped in water or pippin jelly; boil and skim the sirup, boil quinces quickly, and cover with their own jelly.—American Farmer.

—Cream Filling.—One cupful sweet milk, yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls flour, or one-half cupful of corn starch, one-half cupful sugar. Put two-thirds of the milk on the stove to boil, stirring into the remainder the sugar, flour and eggs. Add to the boiling milk and cook until as thick as custard, when cool, add lemon and vanilla flavoring.—Detroit Free Press.

—Celery Salad.—Take half a head of cabbage and three bunches of celery, chopped fine. Mix well one cupful of vinegar, a lump of butter the size of an egg, the yolks of three eggs, a teaspoonful of mustard, one of salt, the same of pepper, and two of sugar. Heat this mixture on the stove until it thickens, stirring constantly. When cold add two tablespoonfuls of sweet cream or olive oil and pour over the celery and cabbage.—Good Housekeeping.

—Pickled Onions.—Select as many small silver-skinned onions as a quart of water will cover. Boil in this a short time half a cup of salt and pour boiling hot over the onions. Let them remain twenty-four hours closely covered; then place them between dry cloths. When cold, put them into a stone jar, and pour over enough hot vinegar to cover, having first boiled the vinegar with two or three bits of white ginger root, and half a teaspoonful of white pepper. Cover tight.—Boston Budget.

—Orange Pudding.—Peel and cut in small pieces five oranges; put into a pudding dish, sprinkling sugar over it. Be careful to take out all the seeds. Take the yolks of three eggs, one tablespoonful of corn starch, one cup of sugar, one pint of milk. Beat the custard. When it is done, and while still hot, pour over the oranges. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, and put it over the pudding. Place it in the oven until it is a light brown color.—Orange Judd Farmer.

## WHEELING IN CHINA.

The Natives Had Great Curiosity Concerning the Bicycle.

Messrs. Allen and Sachtleben writing of their wonderful bicycle journey across Asia, say: "On dashing down into a village, we would produce consternation or fright, especially among the women and children, but after the first onset, giggling would generally follow, for our appearance, especially from the rear, seemed to strike them as extremely ridiculous. The wheel itself presented various aspects to their ignorant fancies. It was called the 'flying-machine' and 'foot-going carriage,' while some even took it for the 'five-wheel cart' or locomotive, about which they had heard only the vaguest rumors. Their ignorance of its source of motive power often prompted them to name it the 'self-moving cart,' just as the natives of Shanghai are wont to call the electric light 'the self-moving moon.'"

"In one out-of-the-way village of northwestern China, we were evidently taken for some species of centaurs; the people came up to examine us while on the wheel to see whether or no rider and wheel were one. We became so harassed with opportunities to ride that we were at last compelled to seek relief in subterfuge, for an absolute refusal, we found, was of no avail. We would promise to ride for a certain sum of money, thinking thus to throw the burden of refusal on themselves. But, nothing daunted, they would pass round the hat. On several occasions, when told that eggs could not be bought in the community, an offer of an exhibition would bring them out by the dozen. In the same way we received presents of tea, and by this means our cash expenses were considerably curtailed. The interest in the 'foreign horses' was sometimes so great as to stop business and even amusements. A rather notable incident of this kind occurred on one of the Chinese holidays. The flag-decked streets, as we rode through, were filled with the neighboring peasantry, attracted by some traveling theatrical troupe engaged for the occasion. In progress at the open-air theater close at hand. Before we were aware of it we had rolled into its crowded auditorium. The women were sitting on improvised benches, fanning and gossiping, while the men stood about in listless groups. But suddenly their attention was aroused by the counter attraction, and a general rush followed, to the great detriment of the temporary peddler's stands erected for the occasion. Although entirely deserted, and no doubt consumed with curiosity, the actors could not lose what the Chinese call 'face.' They still continued their hideous ugliness, monotonous and dialogue to the empty seats.—Century.

# LINN & SCRUGGS

## DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

# Grand Fur Exhibition.

Will place on show OCTOBER 1, 2, 3 and 4 the grandest Fur Exhibition ever held in Central Illinois. John Hersig Sons, of London and New York, will display all their New Novelties at our store on the above dates, giving our patrons and the public a splendid opportunity to select a Fur Garment at manufacturers' prices. If you expect to buy a Fur Cape, Jacket or Sacque this is your chance. The exhibition will be this year's styles. They will show Alaska Seal, Canadian Seal, English Seal, Astrakhan, Krimmer, Wool Seal, Stone Marten, Black Marten, Unplucked Seal, Alaska Sable, Mink and a number of other styles of Fur.

As for Neck Boas and Muffs the assortment is too great to advertise. The prices about one-half.

The favor of your attendance is cordially requested.

# LINN & SCRUGGS

## DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.



# Don't Stave Off

## Your Boots and Shoes

We are giving EXTRA BARGAINS in our \$2.50 and \$3.00 KID SHOES, at

Overgaiters Reduced to

## School Shoes

At your own

A PRESENT WITH EACH PAIR

Trade with us and you will keep on the road to

# Philpott,

The New Shoe Man, 150 Merchant St.

# THE BUYER

of a Heating Stove who practices

buys

## The "ESTATE"

for the good reasons that it has perfect control of fire, that it is clean, durable and a beauty. Every individual Estate Oak Stove will hold fire over night out the necessity of keeping the door open to noxious gases. Will heat more with same amount of fuel than any other Oaks in the market. There are many points of excellence that we can't enumerate in this ad. Come and see us and we will tell all about it.

# GROUT & CO.

233 North Main

## DECATUR, ILLINOIS

## TROTTERING

## ASSOCIATION

## October 9, 10, 11 and 12

First Class Mile Track

## PROGRAMME

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9.

2:29 Trot .....

2:16 Pace .....

One Mile Novelty Running .....

First at 1/4 mile, \$25; at 1/2 mile, \$50; at 1 mile, \$100.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10.

2:21 Pace .....

2:19 Trot .....

5-8 Mile Dash—Running .....

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11.

2:24 Trot .....

Free-for-all Pace .....

One mile dash—Running .....

1/4 mile dash—Running, (2-year-olds) .....

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12.

2:28 Pace .....

Free-for-all Trot .....

7 Furlongs dash—Running .....

5 " " " (Consolation) .....

to horses that have started and won no money. No Entrance Fee charged.

## Bicycle Races Saturday, October 13.

GEO. A. KELLER, Secy.





## HOWGATE ARRESTED

The Long-Sought Fugitive from Justice

LOCATED AT LAST IN NEW YORK CITY.

Where He was Pursuing the Humble Calling of Second-Hand Book Dealer—His Crime, Arrest and Escape Recalled.

New York, Sept. 28.—Capt. Henry W. Howgate, formerly chief signal officer and a fugitive from Washington, D. C., since the winter of 1881, was arrested at 10 a. m. yesterday in this city, charged with embezzlements and forgeries aggregating \$370,000. He was committed to Ludlow-street jail by United States Commissioner Alexander.

There are no less than seven indictments hanging over Howgate, each containing a number of counts. The offenses charged are alleged to have been committed for several years previous to 1880, when the indictments were found. Capt. Howgate, when arrested in 1881, asked permission to go into an inner room in the weather department. He disappeared and has not since been seen and identified by any United States officer. He was known to have left Washington with a pretty woman, not his wife. He had a family at that time. He now has a daughter, who lives at Newburyport, Mass. The woman with whom he fled from Washington has long since left him.

Howgate was, when he fled from Washington, an active, black-haired man in the prime of life. He is now 40 years old, bent and broken, and with gray hair and beard. Though the United States officers have been hunting all over the United States for Howgate, he has been living quietly here in New York city as a dealer in second-hand books. His place of business was at 80 Fourth avenue, in a basement. He has had cards printed bearing the name of "Harry Williams," and by that name he has for years been known to the book trade of this and other cities.

Howgate's cards announce that he deals in "old magazines, reviews and periodicals." His residence was at 195 West Tenth street, where he had "bachelor lodgings" and kept any amount of stock for his store. Four months ago Detective Drummond, of this city, learned that Howgate was in the book business in this city or Brooklyn. A systematic hunt of all the book stores in the two cities was made. It was believed that he was an employee, as no bookseller named Howgate was known to the trade.

Whenever any of Drummond's agents learned that a man resembling Howgate in appearance had been found in a bookstore, that employee was shadowed. His acquaintance was formed and his private life fathomed by conversations.

A week ago Drummond tried the plan of haunting book sales auction rooms. It was a happy thought. A clerk from the war department in Washington, who knew Howgate, made the rounds of the book auction rooms every day. On Monday the clerk saw Howgate enter an auction room on Broadway near Tenth street. The clerk was not certain, however, as Howgate had changed, from a man weighing 190 pounds he had grown to be a dried up old man of about 145 pounds.

The clerk went again to the book sale on Tuesday and entered into conversation with Howgate. From Howgate's manner of speaking the clerk was certain that he stood before the fugitive at last.

Drummond took the midnight train for Washington on Tuesday, and on Wednesday got a bench warrant from Judge Bingham of the district supreme court. He returned yesterday morning, when Howgate was arrested. He was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Alexander and held in \$10,000 bail each on two nominal charges, one for obtaining \$2,500 on a forged receipt, and the other embezzling \$34,000.

As bail was not furnished, Howgate was committed to Ludlow-street jail, pending advices from Washington.

The Arrest of Capt. Howgate Creates a Sensation in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Washington has not known such a sensation for years as that which followed the announcement of the arrest of Capt. William H. Howgate in New York city yesterday. By the older residents of the capital, and particularly by those in official life, he is well remembered. During the few years which preceded his arrest he spent lavishly the large sums of money stolen from the government. It is said, and the correctness or falsity of the story will now probably be known, that much of this money was squandered on his mistress, Nettie Burrill.

Capt. Howgate had served creditably during the war in a Michigan regiment, and at the time of his defection was the disbursing officer of the signal corps with the rank of captain. This gave him an assured prominence in society, and as a result, his associates included the most prominent men in public life.

One day the town was startled with the report that Howgate had been arrested for embezzling government funds amounting to \$370,000, covering a period of several years. The truth was so convincing that the most loyal of his friends were forced to believe it, and public sympathy ran strongly in his favor.

When Capt. Howgate was sent to the district jail and confined there, his services to the government and the prominent position which he had occupied in Washington, caused him to be looked upon with more consideration than is shown to ordinary offenders. He was so utterly opposed to using the common-law rule in the jail that the

officials allowed him to visit his residence in Thirteenth street, where his family still resided to indulge in lavatory luxuries.

On the afternoon of April 13, 1882, he was driven in a closed carriage to his home, accompanied by a deputy United States marshal. He desired another bath, he said, and the jail officials consented. Arriving at the house, he spent some time in chatting with his daughter, when he proceeded to the bath-room. Mrs. Howgate accompanied him, and it has always been understood that during her absence from the rooms he gave the signal to Nettie Burrill which acquainted the latter with Howgate's whereabouts.

Miss Howgate returned to the drawing room, where she entertained the deputy marshal so delightfully with her musical performances that an hour sped swiftly by. Then the officer suddenly awoke to a realization of his duty, and inquired when Capt. Howgate would present himself. His suspicions were lulled for the moment, but after a further lapse of time he started in search of his prisoner, but without success. Before the deputy marshal could give the alarm, Howgate, through the connivance of Miss Burrill and Miss Howgate, had secured a good two-hours' start.

In his long hiding from justice, Howgate and his crime were almost forgotten.

He is a man of scholarly attainments, and in years past was a frequent contributor of papers on Artie explorations to the scientific magazines of the country. His adoption of the book business as a livelihood was the most congenial occupation, doubtless, of all that he has followed since his departure from Washington.

### THE CONTEMPT CASES.

John S. Miller's Closing Argument for the Santa Fe Road.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Moritz Rosenthal finished his argument for the government in the American Railway union contempt cases yesterday; S. S. Gregory was heard on behalf of the defendants, and John S. Miller made the closing argument for the Santa Fe road. This morning W. W. Erwin will close for the defendants and Edwin L. Walker for the government.

Yesterday was largely devoted to the discussion of legal points. The defense is exerting every energy to prove the court has no jurisdiction.

Mr. Miller, in his closing argument for the Santa Fe road, said:

"In this case there can be no question of jurisdiction, as in the government's case, because the road I represent is in the hands of the court, and any interference with property so held must be considered contempt. I admit that the employees of the receivers of the Santa Fe had a right to strike. But they did not at first do. They simply assumed control of the property of the road without striking, stopping trains, cutting off cars and in other ways interfering with the business and property of the road. To me these men are clearly in contempt. If it is contempt to sue a receiver of a road in the hands of the court, how much more is it contempt to send these telegrams seeking to obstruct the passage of trains? I hold that when these men said, in their telegrams: 'Commit no violence,' they meant it much as Marc Antony did when he advised peace over the dead body of Caesar."

Mr. Miller created a diversion by reading the passage in question and comparing Debs to Marc Antony.

In conclusion, Mr. Miller discussed the amount of punishment which should be meted out to the defendants, in case they were adjudged guilty. He cited several cases for the consideration of the court, the highest punishment inflicted being nine months in jail. The court adjourned until today.

### AN AWFUL DEED.

A Drunken Man Throws a Lighted Lamp at His Wife, and She is Burned to Death.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—Louis Schneider, living at 136 Anna street, threw a lighted lamp at his wife Anna, while he was drunk Wednesday night. The lamp exploded, and the woman's clothes caught fire. Before assistance arrived her apparel was almost completely consumed and her body was badly burned. She was removed to the city hospital, where she died at 12:15 yesterday morning. Schneider also was burned on the arms and legs, and he was removed to the city hospital and put in a cell. Schneider, who is a carpenter, 34 years of age, attacked his wife because she did not keep his supper waiting for him for two hours after the usual hour, 8 o'clock. He was drunk when he got home at 8 o'clock, and wanted to know why his supper was not prepared. His wife lighted a lamp and set about rearranging the table. Then Schneider seized the lamp and threw it at her. It struck her above the eye and made a deep gash. The lamp broke and the oil spread over the woman's clothes.

### Caught Fire from a Smoking Lamp.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—Miss Minnie Clayton attempted to light a lamp at her home, 735 Michigan avenue, about 10 o'clock Tuesday night, but it exploded, and she, thinking it might explode, went to the back door to throw it out into the yard. The wind blew the flame toward her and ignited her dress. She screamed and her brother, Silas, rushed to her assistance and threw a blanket about her blazing form. Her injuries are painful and serious but not dangerous.

### Thrown Out of Employment.

BIRMINGHAM, O., Sept. 28.—The tin plate mill department of the Etna Standard mill, employing eighty men, shut down Wednesday night because the employees refused to accept a 25 per cent. reduction demanded by the management. Fifteen hundred coal miners along the line of the Cleveland, Loraine and Wheeling railroad were laid off yesterday because of the inability of the railroad to furnish cars to handle the output, which amounts to about 200 cars per day.

## SINCE NELSON'S TIME

The Most Notable Naval Engagement Fought

WON BY THE JAPANESE AT YALU RIVER.

Full Description of the Battle as Reported to the Emperor by an Officer Dispatched to Hiroshima for that Purpose.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Tokio correspondent of the Central News telegraphs that Admiral Ito, who was in command of the Japanese fleet during the battle off the mouth of the Yalu river, has sent an officer to make a verbal report of the engagement to the emperor, who is now at Hiroshima. According to this officer's report, after acting in concert with the army at the Tai-Tong river, the principal Japanese squadron, comprising eleven warships and the packet Saikio Maru, left that point on September 16. At dawn on the 17th they passed Hai-Yan-Tan and sighted Takushan bay in Manchuria in the forenoon. They found four Chinese war ships and six torpedo boats. The Chinese fleet steamed out of the mouth of the river in battle formation, and when at a distance of 4,000 metres opened fire. The Japanese, fearing that their fire would do little execution at such a distance, waited until within 3,000 metres of the Chinese ships and then brought the guns into play. The Japanese maintained their line of battle but the Chinese after a short time broke their formation.

The action was extremely hot at times. The Lai Yuen, of the Chinese fleet, sank first, stern foremost, and her bows rising, stood for a minute and a half out of water. The Chi-Yuen was the next vessel to go down, and she was followed in a short time by the Chao-Yuen. Many members of the crews of the sinking vessels clung to the rigging as their ships settled and cried for help. It was a pitiful sight.

The Yang-Wei was next disabled, and then the Japanese packet Saikio Maru. The steering gear of the Saikio Maru was disabled by the explosion of one of the enemy's shells, and that vessel was obliged to drop out of line. She was pursued by the Chinese, and was forced to pass between the powerful Ting-Yuen and Chen Yuen within a distance of eighty metres. The commanders of these vessels, thinking it was her intention to ram them, steered off, leaving the packet room to escape. The Chinese discharged two fish torpedoes at her, but they were aimed too low and passed beneath her, doing no damage.

Shortly after the mishap to the Saikio Maru the flagship Matsushima's forward quick-firing gun was struck by a shell, and many casualties resulted. The ship also was so severely injured as to necessitate her withdrawing from the line of battle, and Admiral Ito shifted his flag to the Hashidate.

Another of the Chinese shells exploded in the sick bay of the Hiyel, killing and wounding many persons, including the surgeons, and setting the ship on fire. She, too, left the line of battle to extinguish the flames and transfer the wounded, which being done she returned and again took part in the fight.

Capt. Sakamoto, of the Akago, was shot, watching the torpedoes and signaling to the other vessels of the fleet their location, when the mast was cut away by a shot from the enemy and he was killed.

The Yoshimo's forward battery was slightly damaged. All the ships of the Japanese squadron carried new guns, and they did excellent service. They used no torpedoes, all the damage sustained by the Chinese vessels being inflicted by shot. In view of this fact, the sinking of double-bottomed vessels like the Kai-Yuen is remarkable, and it is the generally expressed opinion among nautical authorities that the work of the Japanese was the most successful thing since the time of Nelson.

Toward the close of the fight great confusion was observed on board the Ting Yuen, King Yuen and Ping Yuen. These ships appeared to be on fire. At sundown the Chinese fleet was in full retreat. They were pursued by the Japanese ships, which laid their course parallel to that taken by the enemy. The night being very dark the pursuers kept at some distance from the Chinese, fearing that, should they follow the enemy too closely, they might be damaged by the latter's torpedo boats. Owing to this fact and the extreme darkness, the Chinese succeeded in getting away and reaching a safe shelter.

At daylight the Japanese vessels endeavored to find the enemy, but were unable to do so. They then returned to the scene of the previous day's action, where they found the Yang-Wei ashore and destroyed her with a fish torpedo.

None of the Japanese vessels were lost in the engagement, and only three of them were seriously injured. All the official reports of the battle are very laconic, and greatly wanting in scientific and useful details.

Fatal to the Pretensions of the French Monarchists.

ROME, Sept. 28.—The pope has summoned Mgr. Hulst, the spiritual adviser of the late Count of Paris, to the Vatican for the purpose of imparting to him instructions in regard to the royalists. In clerical circles this action is believed to be a fatal blow to the pretensions of the French monarchists.

### Ex-Sultan Murad Dying.

VIENNA, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that ex-Sultan Murad, who was dethroned and succeeded by his brother, the present sultan, in 1876, is dying.

## TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

—The president yesterday issued a proclamation granting pardons to all Mormons convicted of polygamy.

—The democrats of Nebraska yesterday nominated Silas A. Holcomb, the populist candidate, for governor.

—Champion Corbett now demands that Fitzsimmons meet Steve O'Donnell before he will notice a challenge from him.

—Dispatches from Chioctawhatchee and Bay St. Paul, east of Quebec, Can., on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, report a light earthquake shock at 8 a. m. yesterday lasting about thirty seconds.

—The cannibal men of Buffalo, N. Y., have determined to fight the Elevator association, and to that end will form an independent association and operate two floating elevators on their own account.

—Nine men charged with keeping gambling houses in Chicago were indicted by the Cook county grand jury yesterday morning. Many more indictments for the same offense are expected to follow.

—Gov. McKinley opened the fall campaign in Ohio for the republicans at Findlay yesterday, the event being signalized by one of the greatest outpourings of the rank and file of the party that northwestern Ohio has ever witnessed.

—Mandamus proceedings were begun in Indianapolis, Ind., yesterday to compel the school board to permit the colored child of Benjamin Thornton to attend the school in Thornton's district. The officials had expelled the child and are attempting to force her to attend a colored school some distance away.

—Judge McAdam, of the superior court of New York, yesterday confirmed the report of Referee Edward Jacobs granting a divorce in favor of Kuehne Beveridge Coghlan in her suit against Aitor Charles F. Coghlan. It is the usual form of decree, permitting the plaintiff to marry again, but interdicting Mr. Coghlan from remarriage.

—Nothing has been heard from the steam barge F. R. Buell, one of whose consorts was the ill-fated schooner William Home. Although she left Manistique, Mich., Tuesday evening, she had not passed the Straits of Mackinaw yesterday, and neither the steamer nor her other two consorts, the Fulton and Alvin, had been reported as being sheltered at any of the harbors along Lake Michigan.

### THE GAMBLERS MUST GO.

St. Joseph Gambling Houses Closed On a Suggestion of Gov. Stone.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 28.—Every gambling house in the city was closed Wednesday night by order of the police commissioners, acting on a suggestion made by Gov. Stone. It is given out officially that the gambling houses will not be allowed to run in this city again.

Gov. Stone was in St. Joseph two weeks ago to attend the fair and race meeting. A wheel of fortune and other gambling devices were run openly on the fair grounds without interference from the police or county officers until prosecuting attorney Culver succeeded in having them closed. It is claimed that the managers of the fair had the consent of the police commissioners to allow the gambling devices, and sold the privileges with that understanding.

During fair week a telegram was sent to Attorney-General Walker asking him to stop the gambling, as the officers here refused to act. Gov. Stone heard of it and intimated to the commissioners that they must not allow the law to be violated any longer.

It is also stated that the governor has determined to close every gambling house in the state.

### A NEW DEPARTURE.

A Drummer, Turned Over to an Undertaker, Refuses to be Buried.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 28.—A Baltimore and Ohio train, when approaching Messery, Wednesday, struck a curve, and Albert Messery, a Wheeling drummer, was thrown off the platform on which he was standing and went over an embankment. He was picked up unconscious. A doctor pronounced him dead, and his supposed remains were turned over to an undertaker for shipment home. While the undertaker was preparing the corpse, Messery opened his eyes, saw what was going on, and, after proving himself still alive, was taken home. He will recover.

The Loss of the Emily Schroeder and Silver Wave Continued.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 27.—The schooner Nicoline, which reached this port from the Arctic yesterday, confirms the news of the loss of the Emily Schroeder and the going ashore of the schooner Silver Wave at Maryat Inlet on October 13 of last year, during the same gale in which the Nicoline narrowly escaped being wrecked. The sea washed over Point Hope, and all the natives fled to the hills.

### Attacked by the Tong-Haks.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A dispatch to the Globe from Yokohama says that the Tong-Haks, a powerful religious sect, which caused the first outbreak in Corea, have attacked the Japanese at Taku. Reinforcements have been sent from Seoul to assist the Japanese force at Taku. The Tong-Haks are the most bitter of any of the Coreans against foreigners, and constitute the most powerful revolutionary element in the country.

Silas Prospect for the Pan-American Monetary Conference.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The United States has not signified its intentions with regard to the Pan-American Monetary conference proposed by Mexico, and this, with the delay of other governments to accept invitations, will cause the postponement of the meeting which was set for next month. It is probable that the government will decline the invitation.

# A GOOD TRADE.

Yes, we are having a good trade. The New Goods for Fall were never so pretty or so reasonable in price as at this time.

Remember, we are showing the best values in Dress Goods, Table Linens, Pongees, Sateens, Cotton and Woolen Flannels and Underwear of every kind.

Wool Henrietta Dress Goods at 25, 35, 50, 65 and 75 cents.

Novelty Dress Goods at 35, 39, 48 and 55 cents.

Table Linens at 39, 48 and 65 cents—extra good quality.

Pongees at 8, 12½, and 15 cents a yd.

Sateens at 12½ and 15 cents a yard.

Cotton Flannel at 5, 7, 8, 10 and 12½ cents a yard.

Calico at 5, 6 and 7 cents a yard.

Red Flannel, all wool, at 25, 35 and 45 cents.

Table Covers at 98c, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

### WRAPS AND JACKETS.

We have quite a nice assortment of Ladies medium weight jackets to close out at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00, just the thing for school wear.

A few wraps to close at \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$6.

### SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Our shoe department is getting to be known widely as our trade increases every week.

Shoes for School at 98c, \$1.25, \$1.35.

Ladies' Button Shoes at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50.

Men's Shoes at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50.

Cut Prices on all Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings to reduce our stock. Lace Curtains also Cheap this week.

Chas. T. Johnston  
DECATUR, ILL.

151 North Water Street.



## SACK SUITS

Are Very Popular

This Season.

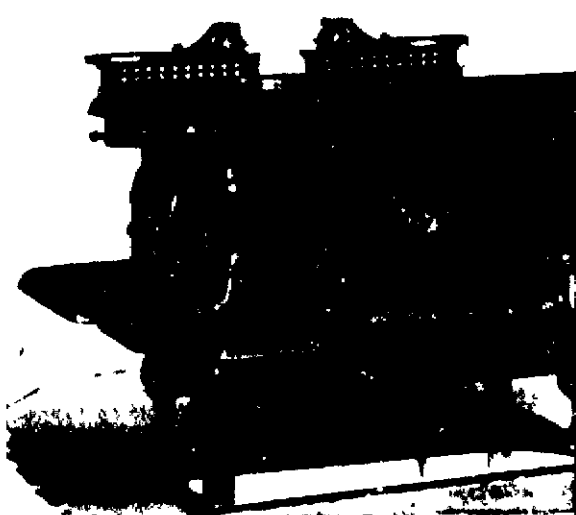
They can be worn for business or dress. We have them in Single and Double Breasted Black and Blue Cheviots and Mixtures. Price quotations are misleading. Seeing—seeing the goods alone tells the story.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

\$13.00 Reduced

\*ON\*

# RANGES



WE recently purchased a bankrupt Stoves in which were fifty No. 3 "GOLD COIN" RANGES with reservoirs that we have been selling at

\$38.00 Each

in connection with the balance of the "Coin" line, which we have sold for ten years. To start the sale of this stock we will offer these

Fifty Ranges at \$25  
FOR CASH ONLY.

C. L. GRISWOLD &

Over=  
Gaiters

25  
COLOR

Best  
Broadcloth  
Half  
Price

—AT—

POWER  
SHOE S



# GOOD MADE.

are having a good trade. The New Fall were never so pretty or so rea-

price as at this time. We are showing the best values in

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**J. Johnston**  
North Water Street.

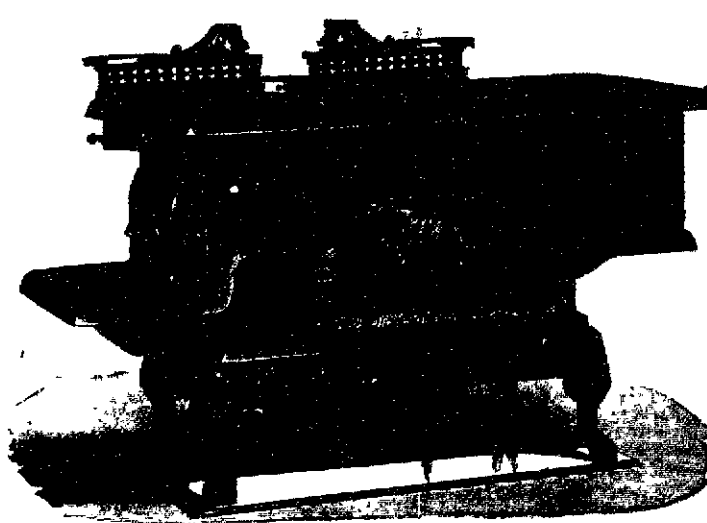


**CK SUITS**  
e Very Popular  
is Season.

be worn for business or dress. them in Single and Double black and Blue Cheviots and Price quotations are misleading. eeing the goods alone tells the

**P CHARLEY.**

## \$13.00 Reduction RANGES



WE recently purchased a bankrupt Stock of Stoves in which were fifty No. 328 six-hole "GOLD COIN" RANGES with reservoirs, the same that we have been selling at

**\$38.00 Each**

in connection with the balance of the "Gold Coin" line, which we have sold for the past ten years. To start the sale of this stock we will offer these

**Fifty Ranges at \$25 Each**  
FOR CASH ONLY.

**C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.**

**Over=**  
**Gaiters,**  
**25**  
**COLORS,**

**Best**  
**Broadcloth,**  
**Half**  
**Price,**  
**AT**

**POWERS'**  
**SHOE STORE.**

### WEND TAKES OF THE SEA

A Humaned, Dark in Appearance—A Ghost from Salvador—In the Chain Locker.

We were eating dinner one night on the old cargo ship and talking of the happenings at sea and on shore that are called supernatural, when the captain said:

"One sees some things at sea not supernatural which are fit to make a nervous man see ghosts. There was that case in one of Green's liners to the colonies, where a man was sent down to clean out the chain locker. The locker had seemed foul all the passage home, and so they hoisted out the chain and sent this fellow down with his brush and soap and bucket, with a lamp, to clean it out. I'll wager he saw ghosts for a year after that, for when he'd got down on his knees to begin scrubbing he found himself bending over the skull of a dead man."

"It was most likely a man that had stowed away out in the colony and had been caught under the cable when they were running it down quickly, and so had the life crushed out of him."

"However, I did know of a case that seemed supernatural enough. It was in the Demerara trade, and I was acquainted with the first officer of the bark where it all happened."

"In the first place, while she was out there loaded and ready to sail the captain had trouble with one of the seamen, who out with his knife and stabbed him to death then and there. The mate afterward took her home, but on the way a passenger took to sailing in some mysterious fashion and up and died very suddenly."

"Of course, she was a haunted ship when she arrived home, and so the owners had her name changed, and she was refitted and painted up entirely different from what she had been. Then she sailed away with a new captain, but on the way out he took to drink, and by the time she reached Demerara he was off his head and killed himself with a revolver."

"Now she was haunted, sure enough, if you could believe the mate. Mind you, after she was refitted the mate said never a word to the new captain what had happened in her before, and even when a new captain came out from home to take charge of her, believing that the last captain was naturally a drunkard instead of one who had taken to it after coming on this ship, this first officer never said a word, because he did not believe in ghosts or even in a future state."

"However, the first night the new captain was on board the trouble began. The captain at about nine o'clock went to his room and retired. An hour later he was calling the mate and telling that he had gone to sleep, and then had been awakened by a light in the room. On opening his eyes he saw a short, thickset man, with side whiskers, in the armchair at the desk, leaning over, with his elbows on the desk, holding his head between his hands and saying: 'Oh, my poor head! Oh, my poor head!'"

"That was enough for the mate. He left the vessel that night with all hands. This new captain knew nothing of the style or manner of the one who had killed himself, and the picture—ghost, or what you may call it—in the chair was the image in appearance and dress of the suicide, and had, complained in precisely the words and voice of the dead man."

This brought out the story of an exile from Salvador whom the narrator met in Guatemala. Having got into trouble with the authorities, Señor Don Sebastian Mojarieta saved his life by fleeing to Amapala, Honduras, as many another exile has done, and there taking a steamer north to San Jose, Guatemala. A friend of his who was involved in like manner was to have reached Amapala by a different route in time for the same steamer, and to prevent any possible delays Mojarieta engaged staterooms and secured passes from the Amapala authorities for his friend and himself as soon as he arrived. But the steamer day came without his friend, and Mojarieta was obliged to sail alone.

"At the usual hour, on the first night out," the story teller went on, "Mojarieta retired and went to sleep, but had no sooner dozed off than he awoke, hearing his friend's voice, as he says, in the next stateroom, which he had supposed to be empty. Leaving his berth he went out into the passageway and opened the door to the adjoining room, and there, he says, he saw lying in the berth the body of his friend fully dressed, but with three bullet holes in the breast of his coat and one in the right cheek."

"At that, Mojarieta fainted, and was found on the deck by the steward and put to bed again. Thereafter it was a most miserable passage, for the vessel touched at both of the Salvador ports and was about a week reaching San Jose. Mojarieta was sure his friend had been shot, and expected a force to come off from each of the Salvador ports to demand him. Moreover, he was haunted continually by that picture of his dead friend."

"Once in Guatemala he obtained employment quickly and then began to recover something of his former spirits. He ascribed his vision to his overwrought imagination and was beginning to hope that his friend would yet appear, when a letter was received from a relative in Salvador. It not only told that the friend had been shot by the government soldiers, but described the wounds of the body after it was dead. Mojarieta declares that the description accurately portrayed the vision he had of his friend, and he believes that his friend's spirit, being unable to rest or wholly throw off its desire to take passage on the steamer, had come on board and was occupying that berth."—N. Y. Sun.

Loss One, Gain Two.

"Old man Rox seems put out about giving up his pretty daughter." "It isn't giving up his daughter that worries him. It's taking a non-in-law that troubles him."—Cincinnati Tribune.

—Adm. Sumner, of the Albatross, was called Old Nickerson by his crew, because he wanted his master's key.

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## TEETH. TEETH. TEETH. The Boston Dental Co.

Has permanently located and opened an office at 153 North Water street, (over Chas. T. Johnston's Dry Goods store.) We have all the latest and improved methods employed to render dentistry painless. Special attention is given to each and every branch in dentistry, including pivot teeth, crown and bridge work, and restoring the natural expression to the mouth in the construction of artificial teeth. All our material and work is guaranteed from three to five years.

Cement Fillings, - - - 50 and 75c.  
Porcelain " - - - 75c and \$1.00.  
Silver " - - - 50 and 75c.  
White Alloy Fillings, - - - 75c and \$1.00.  
Gold Fillings, - - - 1.00 and up.  
Teeth Cleaned and Polished, - - - 75c.  
Plates Repaired, - - - 50 and 75c.  
Full Sets of Teeth on Rubber, - - - \$5.00 and \$7.00.  
" " " " on Aluminum, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

## Dr. F. A. WARNES

Graduate and Post Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Manager.

### SWALLOWING POISONS.

People Dying Before Their Time.

Dr. Abel and Jones, the Experts, on Catarrh, Say the Worst Effects of that Disease Result from the Swallowing of Food, Putrid Stools, which Collect in the Throat and is Conveyed to the Stomach—People by the Thousands in this City Are Swallowing Poisons Night After Night and Don't Know It.

This statement is made by Drs. Abel and Jones, Catarrh Specialists, New Arcade Building, Decatur. And it is a well known fact and one that is trifling to contemplate, the number of people who poison themselves and don't know it. With catarrh there is more or less fullness or pain in the front of the head, buzzing in the ears and stopping up of the nose, usually a discharge which causes frequent blowing to clear the organ. Then followed by throat trouble caused by mucus dropping down from the nose into the throat. The hawking results from the effort to clear the throat of this offensive slime.

A Poison Slow and Sure. This foul mucus is a slow poison but a sure one, which surely undermines a person's constitution. When this mucus reaches the stomach it interferes with its functions by closing up the glands which pour out the gastric juice. It also coats the food and prevents the juices of the stomach from digesting the food. Then the food decomposes, causing the belching up of foul-tasting material. The blood takes up the poison and the whole system is poisoned. Health cannot exist long in this condition of affairs.

The tongue is coated; spitting and raising of mucus in the morning and evening; vomiting at times. This mucus is collecting over night; there is a bad taste and even burning in the mouth; foul breath; pain in region of the heart; headache and symptoms of dyspepsia will follow from the swallowing of the poisonous mucus of catarrh. When you meet a man or woman with a bad breath you can make up your mind they are being poisoned just as we have described.

Kill the Catarrh. Now is the time before it is too late. If you have any of the following symptoms we positively guarantee you an absolute cure by relieving you of each and every symptom.

Catarrh of the Head and Throat. The most prevalent form of catarrh, and results from neglected colds. Speedy and inexpensive cure by Drs. Abel & Jones.

Have you Catarrh? Is your breath foul? Is your voice husky? Do you spit up slime? Do you sneeze all over? Do you snore at night?

Every mail tells of cures made by Home Treatment. Write for particulars. Consultation and Medicine Free.

Skin Diseases, Blood Diseases, Nervous Diseases, And all Chronic Diseases treated by

## DRS. ABEL & JONES, Specialists.

Office Permanently Located at 22, 22½ and 23 New

Arcade Building, Decatur, Ill.

**For Breakfast,**  
**For Dinner,**  
**For Supper,**  
**The Flour That Always Makes The Most And Best Bread.**

## Use White Foam.

Manufactured by the Hatfield Milling Co., Decatur, Ill.

**J. B. Ballard,**  
**FUNERAL DIRECTOR.**



## Premier Egg Cups



BREAK THE EGG into the cup, screw on the cover and boil the egg in this China cup instead of the shell, and serve the egg in the same China cup.

# Soft-Boiled Eggs for Breakfast Our Way.

Come in, we will show you how, with Premier Egg Cups.

**OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.**  
China Department.

WE have these famous Hanan Shoes in these and several other styles. We have them in razor toes, which are the "correct kibosh." Gentlemen who wish to be stylishly dressed must wear the razor toe. We have also the Natural Last, which is constructed with strict regard to the natural shape of the foot. These are especially well suited for middle-aged and elderly gentlemen who want a thoroughly comfortable shoe. We have them in calf and kangaroo, in lace and congress.



Men who wear them once will insist upon getting them thereafter. We are the exclusive agents for the celebrated Hanan & Son's, shoes and carry a large line of them. If it should ever happen that we have not the exact size and style that you want, we will take pleasure in taking your measure and procuring for you a perfect fit from the factory. Come and see us when you want anything in shoes.

**F. H. COLE SHOE CO.**

B. F. BOBO, Manager.

148 East Main Street,

Decatur, Illinois.

## Daily Republican

No improvement that you can make (for the money) will add so much to the appearance of your home as painting it.

King & Hubbard, the druggists, have the best mixed paints in all colors; also everything in the paint and varnish line.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 28, 1894.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Smoke the old reliable K. & W. cigars. mar25-dtf

DELICIOUS pies at Co-operative Woman's Exchange.

COTTAGE cheese at Co-operative Woman's Exchange.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

EVERYTHING good at C. J. Munson's, 449 North Main street.

CHOCOLATE worm candy for sale by I. N. Irwin & Co., druggists.

BULK oysters daily. Fresh fish, dressed poultry. Pearl Oyster & Fish Co. 2046

THE Grand Opera House cigars, made by Keck & Weigand, are the best in town. mar25-dtf

We will have more of those delicious croquettes. Co-operative Woman's Exchange.

THE Iroquois base ball went to Moquequa to day to battle with a nine in that city.

HENRY O. REID has sold 85 acres of land in Austin township to Arthur C. Reid for \$6000.

Do you buy your groceries and meats at C. J. Munson, 448 North Main? If not, why not?

DR. O. T. EDDY, Dentist, Room 10, Columbia block, over post office. July 30-3mo

Go to the Spencer & Lehman company for wood pumps, iron pumps, force pumps and pump repairs. feb6-d&wt

FRIDAY, October 5, John F. Finerty, of Chicago, and Horace S. Clark, of Mattoon, will address a day and night meeting at Lincoln.

Buy the cork-faced Collar, hand-sewed, hand-stuffed—never make sore shoulders. Sold only by C. C. Bean, 115 East Wood street. 28-36

THE Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Baptist church will give a free "pumpkin social" at the church this evening. Pie served free. Everybody invited.

THERE were 40,000 people at the state fair Thursday, and the receipts were \$16,000. It was baby show day, and 120 infants were in the exhibit.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

THE original 96c store on North Water street has been doing a rushing business during the past week. We have the goods and the prices astonish the multitude. W. A. HOLMAN.

EVERY member of American Council No. 35 is requested to be at the council chamber Monday evening at 7:30. Important business is to be transacted, and a speech by an able orator from abroad. Come all.

THE woman's union prayer meeting will be held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in Room No. 1 First M. E. church. Subject, "Human longings and their satisfaction." Isa. 65, 1:13. Miss Gessie Morrison leader.

Uncertainty of Identification. The unreliability of evidence of identification has long been recognized. It is even possible for a man to identify himself, or rather to claim that a dead body is his own, when he wants to make it appear that he is dead. A man who deserted his family some years ago had the audacity to do this. Rescuing a town far enough away from home to make inquiries difficult, he deliberately visited the morgue and identified the dead body of a stranger as that of his own, giving a false name and address and claiming that the deceased had accompanied him from Rochester and had gone out the previous evening to hunt up some friends. A marked copy of a newspaper reporting the identification was mailed to the deserted wife, and when later she desired to get married again she wrote and obtained what purported to be a burial certificate of her own husband. A year or two later, the truant husband repented and returned to his home to find that he had been hoisted with his own petard and that all his deceit had resulted in was inveigling his wife into an act of unconscionable bigamy.—St. Louis Republic.

The Newport Maldiver. Rector—It is instructive to note what a flood of light one passage of Scripture throws upon another.

Eve Lamb—Yes. I couldn't understand about there being no marrying or giving in marriage above until I read how hard it was for a rich man to enter the kingdom of Heaven.—Life.

Mr. Edgerly Winton (to his architect)—"It's going to make a rockershay kind of house, Mr. Lewis; but what's this shed business in front?" Mr. Lewis—"That is the porte cochere, sir."

Mrs. Winton—"How nice! And I suppose you'll have a separate cookhouse for each of the other wives, won't you, Mr. Lewis?" Frank Leslie's.

—Surely they who devour the possessions of orphans unjustly shall swallow down nothing but fire into their bellies, and shall broil in raging flames.—Koran.

## JUST A STARTER

Continued from First Page.

I read Mr. MacVeagh's speech in Chicago, and in my speech in Central Music hall there I charged that he was in partnership with the sugar trust and boldly asserted that in case there was any denial I would produce evidence to prove it. I have heard that these words to better express the truth than those of the Democratic president and the leader of the house, Mr. Wilson. Mr. Wilson says that the sugar trust already had in this country a total of \$140,000,000 worth of raw sugar which, under the operation of the law, would give the trust a profit of 40 per cent or nearly \$60,000,000. The president said that this meant a "party perfect" and "party dishonor." The Wilson bill had an ear crooked off by this senator, another ear taken off by that senator and the Louisiana senators slapped it in its sugar mouth and the infant was finally not recognized by its father and mother, Mr. Wilson. And it finally found recognition on the other side of the water. Wilson put out the fire in this country to light the wheels of industry and set them spinning there. He had stopped the employment of American capital and labor to make it busy there. No wonder Cleveland and Wilson are the most popular men in England. Either one could be elected king or queen over there, but Grover couldn't win in Hawaii. (Laughter.)

Mr. MacVeagh protests against trusts, when he is himself practically a part and parcel of the sugar trust. The house of which he is the official head fixes the price of sugar below which it must not be sold, and in that way controls the price of sugar after he has parted with its title. Now, if I am mistaken in this good Democrat who is present can write to Mr. MacVeagh and have him deny it. If not I say is not true I will give the writer a new suit of clothes, but it will be American cloth. (Laughter and applause.)

I have read what Mr. MacVeagh has to say of Logan in which he abuses Logan as a party boss. This shows that Mr. MacVeagh cannot distinguish between a leader and a boss. John A. Logan, speaking from the humble walks of life to be a senator of the United States, arose from a corporal to be a general in the army; he did not push his men before him but led them on to battle. When he assails the names of Grant and Logan he brands himself a coward. \* \* \*

Mr. MacVeagh says that the Democrats have lightened the burdens of the people. He is right. A dollar's worth of sugar is lighter than it used to be. (Laughter.) I have heard even that Mr. MacVeagh says that sugar is actually cheaper than it was. It may be to the sugar trust, but to explain how Mr. MacVeagh says that it is cheaper. I will have to tell you a story of a boy in school who said to his teacher that a boy sitting in his seat was his brother and was a relation to him—could the teacher explain? Yes, that was easy, for the boy had lied. And so we say that sugar may be cheaper to this man who thinks he is running in Illinois for the House of Lords in England, but it is certainly not cheaper to the consumer.

Among other things which the democrats are so sure of is that they want free raw materials. Raw material, as we understand it, is raw material before it has been touched by labor. It is the coal in the vein, the iron in the bed. But the democratic idea of raw material is different. Lumber is raw material and 99 per cent of the cost is labor. Think of this great country where the Lord puts planks and lumber and with and shingles down as raw materials for us to use. Think of sugar, free raw material as sugar and wheat, hubs. A man ought to be able to back his wagon up and take a whole load of hubs away with him. Raw material! Well, I can tell you that there is about 300 pounds of raw material which will go out of the White House in '97. Democratic place wool among the free raw materials. They say that it is worth 15 cents a pound—what if it is worth half what it used to be. They have been telling workmen that they would get as much for labor as before, but that other workmen would have to come down. We say for our part that we don't want anything so cheap that it cannot be made by our own citizens who receive a fair day's pay for a fair day's work. Mr. MacVeagh, free raw material that wool will go on advancing, while the price of the clothing into which it goes will be lowered. Can you imagine to yourself the intellect of a hen headed being who says that clothing will fall in price while the stuff from which it is manufactured continues to rise? According to that the higher the wool the cheaper the clothes and if you could only get wool high enough you could get the clothes for nothing. \* \* \*

I have no sympathy for the man who wants to get \$15 worth of clothes for \$1.50, for he wants \$15 worth of work for \$1.50 and that man is not fit to be an American citizen. MacVeagh and the Democrats have lately been talking much about the money of the country. In Chicago for the past year we have not known much about money. All that we know is that the Republican party has always given us a sound currency. In the next conference district to this Mr. Lane, the Democratic candidate, is declaring for a free coinage of silver. That he would have all the silver of the world dumped into this country and by simply having it stamped get 40 cents worth of silver to have the power of a dollar to pay debts. That would soon mean that a dollar would be 40 cents and the working people of this country are not yet ready to work at 40 cents on the dollar of what they are now getting. The trouble is not with the money of to-day. The trouble is lack of confidence. We have money by the thousands locked up in banks and safety deposit vaults and there are 100,000 men in Chicago now out of a job. I want to say to you that men who have been smart enough to make money have been too smart to invest it during this Democratic administration and take their money and not matter if we had silver at Washington

ton piled up as much as the Democrats would like to have. When we get to the bottom of the matter, we find that the Democrats are not so smart as they would like to be. How could he get out of the country? When he is employed the wealth of the country is added to. \* \* \* I know that free trade is wrong in practice and wrong in theory. There is not a farm in this country which is not worth more by being located near a big manufacturing town, and conversely there is not a factory which is not worth more by being located in a region where the raw products of its neighborhood are cheap. Protection brings the producer and the consumer nearer together. It is diversity of employment which makes a great people. \* \* \* A tariff was put on steel rails. The first steel rails used by the Union Pacific railway cost \$140 a ton in gold and were bought in England. We placed a tariff of \$25 per ton on rails, and Yankee ingenuity has so far cheapened the process of manufacturing these domestic rails that the price has come down to less than \$30 a ton. When that tariff was first put on alarmists said that we would not build another mile of road in the country, and yet we have since built more railroads than any other country on the face of the earth. We used to pay 10 cents a spool for Coates' English thread. We placed a tariff on the thread to induce Yankee manufacturers to go into the manufacture of thread. The tariff was put on, and we brought over said that it was impossible in this country for the reason that the atmosphere was not right. But the Yankee said we will make you the kind of atmosphere you want. He did so, and the result of the indefatigable Yankee's exertions is that to-day we can buy thread at 5 cents a spool. And still the canard bird and the parrot on the shelf say that the tariff is the cause of our poverty. They say that type-writers and sewing machines of American manufacture are sold abroad for less than here. The patent gives the protection which otherwise a tariff might have given. \* \* \* In a joint debate I had my opponents taxed me because the republican people had put a tariff on bibles. Well, why not? The bible is the best book we want, and it is sold here. Moreover, when I opened it I saw a text which reads: "He that protecteth not his own is worse than an infidel." (Laughter.) \* \* \* And so the experience of years is that in all things from needles and pins to steel rails the tariff has not raised the price. \* \* \* I promised the next president of the United States, William McKinley (cheers), when he was leader of congress, that I would begin to practice what I preached. I found that when I bought an American suit it was all wool and pretty near two yards wide, and when I paid for it I thought that I had paid the farmer who raised the sheep, the spinner, carder, weaver, etc., and that every nickel of that investment was still in this country. And I told myself that I would get a whack at it some day when I found that you it is vastly better not to live so much sympathy to the Japs or the Chinese as to the working people of our own country who may starve or freeze through lack of employment. Be an American. \* \* \*

Since Altgeld (himself) became governor a good many working people have been in trouble. Mines were burning and a strike was on. Owners of a mine asked to go down into their own property and stop the fire and were told to stay out by men who did not pretend to speak the English tongue. And I want to say that so long as working people obey the law they have the sympathy of the masses. There came a time in the city of Chicago when murder and arson ran riot. Millions of dollars worth of property was destroyed and our very homes were in danger. It was not the strikers, but desperate men who had taken control, and riot, pillage and train wrecking were the rule. We had a governor whose known sympathies with anarchists permitted all this. When the president forgot that he was a democrat and sent the regular troops to prevent disorder Mr. Altgeld steps forth with the cry of state rights. I told myself that I would get a whack at it some day when I found that you it is vastly better not to live so much sympathy to the Japs or the Chinese as to the working people of our own country who may starve or freeze through lack of employment. Be an American. \* \* \*

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stead of the grey, he would never have been such an actor. When we get to the bottom of the matter, we find that the Democrats are not so smart as they would like to be. How could he get out of the country? When he is employed the wealth of the country is added to. \* \* \* I know that free trade is wrong in practice and wrong in theory. There is not a farm in this country which is not worth more by being located near a big manufacturing town, and conversely there is not a factory which is not worth more by being located in a region where the raw products of its neighborhood are cheap. Protection brings the producer and the consumer nearer together. It is diversity of employment which makes a great people. \* \* \* A tariff was put on steel rails. The first steel rails used by the Union Pacific railway cost \$140 a ton in gold and were bought in England. We placed a tariff of \$25 per ton on rails, and Yankee ingenuity has so far cheapened the process of manufacturing these domestic rails that the price has come down to less than \$30 a ton. When that tariff was first put on alarmists said that we would not build another mile of road in the country, and yet we have since built more railroads than any other country on the face of the earth. We used to pay 10 cents a spool for Coates' English thread. We placed a tariff on the thread to induce Yankee manufacturers to go into the manufacture of thread. The tariff was put on, and we brought over said that it was impossible in this country for the reason that the atmosphere was not right. But the Yankee said we will make you the kind of atmosphere you want. He did so, and the result of the indefatigable Yankee's exertions is that to-day we can buy thread at 5 cents a spool. And still the canard bird and the parrot on the shelf say that the tariff is the cause of our poverty. They say that type-writers and sewing machines of American manufacture are sold abroad for less than here. The patent gives the protection which otherwise a tariff might have given. \* \* \* In a joint debate I had my opponents taxed me because the republican people had put a tariff on bibles. Well, why not? The bible is the best book we want, and it is sold here. Moreover, when I opened it I saw a text which reads: "He that protecteth not his own is worse than an infidel." (Laughter.) \* \* \* And so the experience of years is that in all things from needles and pins to steel rails the tariff has not raised the price. \* \* \* I promised the next president of the United States, William McKinley (cheers), when he was leader of congress, that I would begin to practice what I preached. I found that when I bought an American suit it was all wool and pretty near two yards wide, and when I paid for it I thought that I had paid the farmer who raised the sheep, the spinner, carder, weaver, etc., and that every nickel of that investment was still in this country. And I told myself that I would get a whack at it some day when I found that you it is vastly better not to live so much sympathy to the Japs or the Chinese as to the working people of our own country who may starve or freeze through lack of employment. Be an American. \* \* \*

"Let's get together for our homes. We want the time to come when a man can go on the street without having a dozen beggars accost him—these are men who should have work. We want the time to come when lawyers shall be asked to examine into the validity of titles rather than be questioned as to how long after foreclosure by a building association can the property be re-deemed. We are side-tracked on a freight train in a Democratic tunnel now, but we will see a gleam of light this fall. The Republican fast train will come along in 1896—we don't know who will be the engineer—it may be Harrison, or Deed or McKinley—but we do know that we will be taken out against the clear fields of Republicanism. And just so sure as the early days of November come, the plain people of this country will turn to the party of Abraham Lincoln."

The splendid meeting closed with a round of cheers for the speaker, and then came handshaking with Mr. Mason, who certainly made hundreds of friends in Decatur by his logical effort, his wit and his genial manner. Everybody said it was the best political speech heard in Decatur for many a year, and everybody went home glad they had been at the rally.

### NOTES.

All persons are cautioned against negotiating for a certain promissory note executed to Mrs. Emma P. Warren, for the sum of \$600, dated December 8, 1893, and due January 1st, 1894, and drawing 7 per cent interest from date, having been stolen from the subscriber on Wednesday night, September 26, 1894, on train No. 42, Wabash R. R., at Union depot, Decatur, Ill. 28-33t J. K. WARREN.

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# The

VOL. XXII. NO 156.

## Race Clothing Mfg

## Special Announcements

OUR PRICES THIS FALL. For well as for all sorts of Boys' Clothing are just than ever before. "Goods bought right are half."

Winter Suits and Overcoats. the finest, the best, the most perfect fitting city, and our \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$18 Men's Suits cheaper than found elsewhere.

Boys' and Children's Clothing. Full line of Little Boys' Reefer Coats. Boys' Two-Piece Suits up to the best. Boys' Long Pants Suits at \$3.00 and up. We have the best Boys' Knee Pants in the city.

Buy Only the RACE SHIRTS. And you will make no mistake.

HATS Of all grades and styles. Our Leaders and Stiff Hats. MILLER'S Renowned best hat made.

Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear—Full.

MERCHANT TAILORING ON THE. Well made garments and Bottom Prices does the our \$6.00 Pants to order the \$8.00 kind at

## Race Clothing Mfg

129-135 North Water Street

## Damaged by Fire

While a small portion of our goods were damaged by fire of full goods were not injured in the least, and we are prepared to that will astonish you

Our \$15 Suit is a full sized bed room suit and a pair of

Our \$18 Suit is the best selling suit we ever offered. Nearly a car load of them sold in

Our \$25 Polished Oak Suit will surprise you. If you need a bed room suit we can fit you out.

A 5 piece Oak Frame Tapestry covered Parlor Suit for See that \$75.00 Suit in our window.

A few of our 48x48 inch quarter sawed oak, polished tables left, at \$7. See our special design \$20 sideboard. If you any kind, from the cheapest to the best, remember that we select from.

BACHMAN BROTHERS & MARTIN CO. 240, 244, 248 East Main Street.

## Underwear

I am now ready to show all Fall and Winter Underwear.

I make a specialty of Ladies' and Children's Combination Underwear.

Gents' Night Shirts, Suspender Neckwear—elegant assortment.